





LP2985

#### SLVS522P - JULY 2004 - REVISED FEBRUARY 2022

# LP2985 150-mA, Low-Noise, Low-Dropout Regulator With Shutdown

#### 1 Features

- Output tolerance of:
  - 1% (A grade)
  - 1.5% (standard grade)
- Ultra-low dropout, typically:
  - 280 mV at full load of 150 mA
  - 7 mV at 1 mA
- Wide V<sub>IN</sub> range: 16 V max
- Low IQ: 850 µA at full load at 150 mA
- Shutdown current: 0.01 µA typ
- Low noise: 30 µV<sub>RMS</sub> with 10-nF bypass capacitor
- Stable with low-ESR capacitors, including ceramic
- Overcurrent and thermal protection
- High peak-current capability
- ESD protection exceeds JESD 22:
  - 2000-V human-body model (A114-A)
  - 200-V machine model (A115-A)

# 2 Applications

- Washer and dryer
- Land mobile radio
- Active antenna system mMIMO
- Cordless power tool

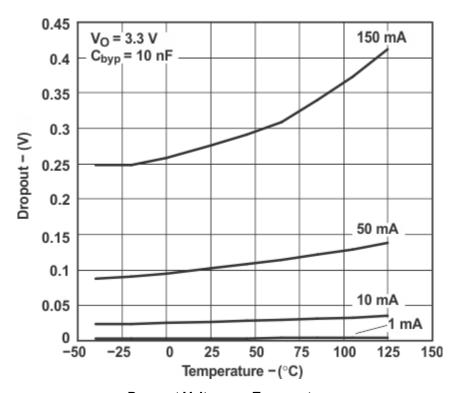
# 3 Description

The LP2985 family of fixed-output, low-dropout offers exceptional, cost-effective regulators performance for both portable and nonportable applications. Available in voltages of 1.8 V, 2.5 V, 2.8 V, 2.9 V, 3 V, 3.1 V, 3.3 V, 5 V, and 10 V, the family has an output tolerance of 1% for the A version (1.5% for the non-A version) and is capable of delivering 150-mA continuous load current. Standard regulator features, such as overcurrent and overtemperature protection, are included.

#### Device Information<sup>(1)</sup>

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE	BODY SIZE (NOM)
LP2985	SOT-23 (5)	2.90 mm × 1.60 mm

For all available packages, see the orderable addendum at the end of the data sheet.



**Dropout Voltage vs Temperature** 



# **Table of Contents**

1 Features	1	7.4 Device Functional Modes	11
2 Applications		8 Application and Implementation	13
3 Description	1	8.1 Application Information	
4 Revision History		8.2 Typical Application	
5 Pin Configuration and Functions	3	9 Power Supply Recommendations	18
6 Specifications	4	10 Layout	18
6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings		10.1 Layout Guidelines	
6.2 ESD Ratings		10.2 Layout Example	
6.3 Recommended Operating Conditions		11 Device and Documentation Support	
6.4 Thermal Information	4	11.1 Receiving Notification of Documentation Updates	19
6.5 Electrical Characteristics	5	11.2 Support Resources	19
6.6 Typical Characteristics	7	11.3 Trademarks	
7 Detailed Description		11.4 Electrostatic Discharge Caution	
7.1 Overview		11.5 Glossary	
7.2 Functional Block Diagram	. 11	12 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable	
7.3 Feature Description		Information	19
·			

# **4 Revision History**

NOTE: Page numbers for previous revisions may differ from page numbers in the current version.

Changes from Revision O (January 2015) to Revision P (February 2022)	Page
Changed Applications section	1
<ul> <li>Changed Thermal Information table: changed R<sub>θJA</sub> value from 206°C/W to 205.4</li> </ul>	4°C/W and added R <sub>θJC(top)</sub> ,
$R_{\theta JB},\Psi_{JT}, ext{and}\Psi_{JB} ext{rows}$	4
Changed Application Information section	13
Changed Typical Application section to follow current standards	15
Changes from Revision N (June 2011) to Revision O (January 2015)	Page
<ul> <li>Added Applications, Device Information table, Pin Functions table, ESD Ratings table, Feature Description section, Device Functional Modes, Application and Im Supply Recommendations section, Layout section, Device and Documentation Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information section.</li> <li>Deleted Ordering Information table.</li> </ul>	nplementation section, Power Support section, and

# **5 Pin Configuration and Functions**

# DBV (SOT-23) PACKAGE (TOP VIEW)

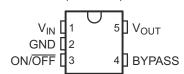


Table 5-1. Pin Functions

PIN		TYPE	DESCRIPTION
NAME	NO.	ITPE	DESCRIPTION
BYPASS	4	I/O	Attach a 10-nF capacitor to improve low-noise performance.
GND	2	_	Ground
ON/OFF	3	I	Active-low shutdown pin. Tie to V <sub>IN</sub> if unused.
V <sub>IN</sub>	1	I	Supply input
V <sub>OUT</sub>	5	0	Voltage output



# **6 Specifications**

#### 6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over virtual junction temperature range (unless otherwise noted)(1)

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
V <sub>IN</sub>	Continuous input voltage range <sup>(3)</sup>	-0.3	16	V
V <sub>ON/OFF</sub>	ON/OFF input voltage range	-0.3	16	V
	Output voltage range <sup>(2)</sup>	-0.3	9	V
Io	Output current <sup>(4)</sup>	Internally limites (short-circuit prot		_
$R_{\theta JA}$	Package thermal impedance <sup>(4) (5)</sup>		206	°C/W
TJ	Operating virtual junction temperature		150	°C
T <sub>stg</sub>	Storage temperature range	-65	150	°C

- (1) Stresses beyond those listed under absolute maximum ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under Recommended Operating Conditions is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
- (2) If load is returned to a negative power supply in a dual-supply system, the output must be diode clamped to GND.
- (3) The PNP pass transistor has a parasitic diode connected between the input and output. This diode normally is reverse biased (V<sub>IN</sub> > V<sub>OUT</sub>), but is forward biased if the output voltage exceeds the input voltage by a diode drop (see the *Application and Implementation* section for more details).
- (4) Maximum power dissipation is a function of T<sub>J</sub>(max), R<sub>θJA</sub>, and T<sub>A</sub>. The maximum allowable power dissipation at any allowable ambient temperature is P<sub>D</sub> = (T<sub>J</sub>(max) T<sub>A</sub>) / R<sub>θJA</sub>. Operating at the absolute maximum T<sub>J</sub> of 150°C can affect reliability.
- (5) The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with JESD 51-7.

#### 6.2 ESD Ratings

			VALUE	UNIT
		Human body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001, all pins <sup>(1)</sup>	2000	
V <sub>(ESD</sub>	Electrostatic discharge	Charged device model (CDM), per JEDEC specification JESD22-C101, all pins <sup>(2)</sup>	1000	V

- (1) JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.
- (2) JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250-V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

#### 6.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
V <sub>IN</sub>	Supply input voltage	2.2 <sup>(1)</sup>	16	V
V <sub>ON/OFF</sub>	ON/OFF input voltage	0	V <sub>IN</sub>	V
I <sub>OUT</sub>	Output current		150	mA
$T_J$	Virtual junction temperature	-40	125	°C

(1) Recommended minimum  $V_{IN}$  is the greater of 2.5 V or  $V_{OUT(max)}$  + rated dropout voltage (max) for operating  $I_L$ .

#### **6.4 Thermal Information**

		LP2985	
	THERMAL METRIC <sup>(1)</sup>	DBV	UNIT
		5 PINS	
R <sub>0JA</sub>	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	205.4	°C/W
R <sub>0JC(top)</sub>	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	78.8	°C/W
R <sub>0JB</sub>	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	46.7	°C/W
$\Psi_{JT}$	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	8.3	°C/W
$\Psi_{JB}$	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	46.3	°C/W

 For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics application report.

Submit Document Feedback



#### 6.5 Electrical Characteristics

at specified virtual junction temperature range,  $V_{IN} = V_{OUT(NOM)} + 1 \text{ V}$ ,  $V_{ON/\overline{OFF}} = 2 \text{ V}$ ,  $C_{IN} = 1 \text{ }\mu\text{F}$ , and  $I_L = 1 \text{ }m\text{A}$ ,  $C_{OUT} = 4.7 \text{ }\mu\text{F}$  (unless otherwise noted)

		ed)	_	LP	2985A-x	X	LF	2985-x	K		
ı	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	T <sub>J</sub>	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	
		I <sub>L</sub> = 1 mA	25°C	-1		1	-1.5		1.5		
			25°C	-1.5		1.5	-2.5		2.5		
V <sub>OUT</sub>	Output voltage	1 mA ≤ I <sub>L</sub> ≤ 50 mA	-40°C to 125°C	-2.5		2.5	-3.5		3.5	%V <sub>NC</sub>	
	tolerance		25°C	-2.5		2.5	-3		3		
		1 mA ≤ I <sub>L</sub> ≤ 150 mA	-40°C to 125°C	-3.5		3.5	-4		4		
			25°C		0.007	0.014		0.007	0.014	0/ 0	
	Line regulation	$V_{IN} = [V_{OUT(NOM)} + 1 V]$ to 16 V	-40°C to 125°C			0.032			0.032	%/V	
		1 - 0	25°C		1	3		1	3		
	$I_L = 0$	-40°C to 125°C			5			5			
		1 - 4 4	25°C		7	10		7	10		
		I <sub>L</sub> = 1 mA	-40°C to 125°C			15			15		
, ,,	D (1)	1 40 4	25°C		40	60		40	60		
V <sub>IN</sub> – V <sub>OUT</sub> Dropout voltage <sup>(1</sup>	Dropout voltage <sup>(1)</sup>	I <sub>L</sub> = 10 mA	-40°C to 125°C			90			90	mV	
		I = 50 mA	25°C		120	150		120	150		
		I <sub>L</sub> = 50 mA	-40°C to 125°C			225			225		
		L = 450 m A	25°C		280	350		280	350	ַם ס	
		I <sub>L</sub> = 150 mA	-40°C to 125°C			575			575		
			25°C		65	95		65	95		
			25°C (LP2985-10)			125			125		
		I <sub>L</sub> = 0 mA	-40°C to 125°C			125			125		
			-40°C to 125°C (LP2985-10)			160			160		
			25°C		75	110		75	110	0	
		I <sub>L</sub> = 1 mA	25°C (LP2985-10)			140			140		
			–40°C to 125°C			170			170		
			25°C		120	220		120	220		
		I <sub>L</sub> = 10 mA	25°C (LP2985-10)			250			250	⊢∧	
GND	GND pin current		-40°C to 125°C			400			400		
			25°C		350	600		350	600		
		I <sub>L</sub> = 50 mA	25°C (LP2985-10)			650			650		
			-40°C to 125°C			1000			1000		
			25°C		850	1500		850	1500		
		I <sub>L</sub> = 150 mA	25°C (LP2985-10)			1800			1800		
			-40°C to 125°C			2500			2500		
		V <sub>ON/OFF</sub> < 0.3 V (OFF)	25°C		0.01	0.8		0.01	0.8		
		V <sub>ON/OFF</sub> < 0.15 V (OFF)	-40°C to 105°C		0.05	2		0.05	2		
		VON/OFF > 0.13 V (OFF)	-40°C to 125°C			5			5		
		V <sub>ON/OFF</sub> = HIGH → output ON	25°C		1.4			1.4			
/ou <del></del>	ON/OFF input	VON/OFF - FIIGHT → Output ON	-40°C to 125°C	1.6			1.6			1/	
ON/OFF	voltage <sup>(2)</sup>	$V_{ON/OFF} = LOW \rightarrow output OFF$	25°C		0.55			0.55		V	
		VON/OFF - LOVV → Output OFF	-40°C to 125°C			0.15			0.15		
		V <sub>ON/OFF</sub> = 0 V	25°C		0.01			0.01			
	ON/OFF input current	VON/OFF - U V	-40°C to 125°C			-2			-2	2	
ON/OFF	ON/OFF IIIput current	V	25°C		5			5		μA	
	I	V <sub>ON/OFF</sub> = 5 V	-40°C to 125°C			15			15		

#### **6.5 Electrical Characteristics (continued)**

at specified virtual junction temperature range,  $V_{IN} = V_{OUT(NOM)} + 1 \text{ V}$ ,  $V_{ON/\overline{OFF}} = 2 \text{ V}$ ,  $C_{IN} = 1 \text{ }\mu\text{F}$ , and  $I_L = 1 \text{ }m\text{A}$ ,  $C_{OUT} = 4.7 \text{ }\mu\text{F}$  (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	т	LP2	2985A-x	x	LP	UNIT		
	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	TJ	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP MAX		UNII
V <sub>n</sub>	Output noise (RMS)	BW = 300 Hz to 50 kHz, C <sub>OUT</sub> = 10 μF, C <sub>BYPASS</sub> = 10 nF	25°C		30			30		μV
ΔV <sub>OUT</sub> / ΔV <sub>IN</sub>	Ripple rejection	f = 1kHz, C <sub>OUT</sub> = 10 μF, C <sub>BYPASS</sub> = 10 nF	25°C		45			45		dB
I <sub>OUT(PK)</sub>	Peak output current	$V_{OUT} \ge V_{O(NOM)} - 5\%$	25°C		350			350		mA
I <sub>OUT(SC)</sub>	Short-circuit current	R <sub>L</sub> = 0 (steady state) <sup>(3)</sup>	25°C		400			400		mA

<sup>(1)</sup> Dropout voltage is defined as the input-to-output differential at which the output voltage drops 100 mV below the value measured with a 1-V differential.

<sup>(2)</sup> The ON/OFF input must be driven properly for reliable operation (see the Application and Implementation section).

<sup>(3)</sup> See Figure 6-6 in the *Typical Characteristics* section.

#### **6.6 Typical Characteristics**

 $C_{IN} = 1~\mu\text{F},~C_{OUT} = 4.7~\mu\text{F},~V_{IN} = V_{OUT(NOM)} + 1~V,~T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C},~\text{and}~ON/\overline{OFF}~\text{pin tied to}~V_{IN}~\text{(unless otherwise specified)}$ 

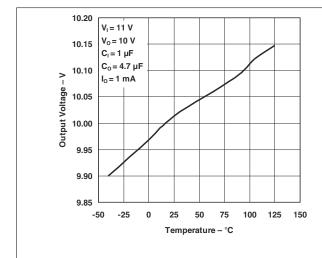


Figure 6-1. Output Voltage vs Temperature

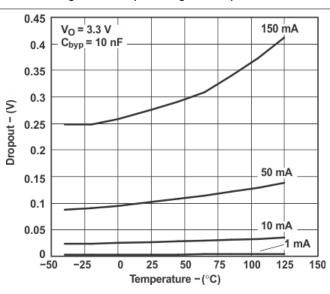


Figure 6-3. Dropout Voltage vs Temperature

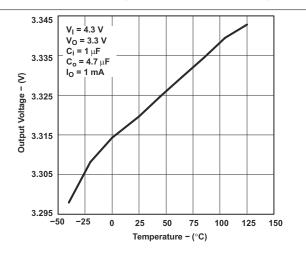


Figure 6-2. Output Voltage vs Temperature

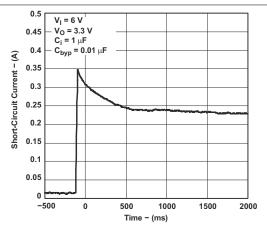
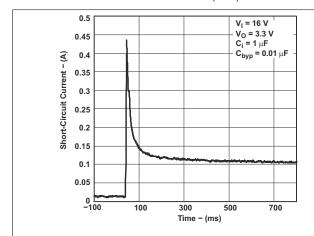


Figure 6-4. Short-Circuit Current vs Time



# 6.6 Typical Characteristics (continued)

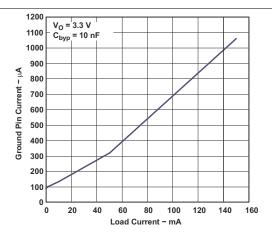
 $C_{IN}$  = 1  $\mu$ F,  $C_{OUT}$  = 4.7  $\mu$ F,  $V_{IN}$  =  $V_{OUT(NOM)}$  + 1 V,  $T_A$  = 25°C, and  $ON/\overline{OFF}$  pin tied to  $V_{IN}$  (unless otherwise specified)



320 300 280 240 220 0 0.5 1 1.5 2 2.5 3 3.5 Output Voltage – (V)

Figure 6-5. Short-Circuit Current vs Time

Figure 6-6. Short-Circuit Current vs Output Voltage



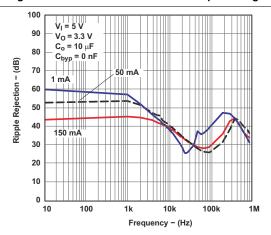
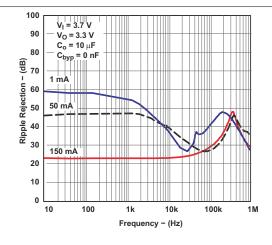


Figure 6-7. Ground Pin Current vs Load Current

Figure 6-8. Ripple Rejection vs Frequency



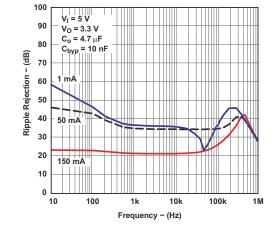


Figure 6-9. Ripple Rejection vs Frequency

Figure 6-10. Ripple Rejection vs Frequency

# **6.6 Typical Characteristics (continued)**

 $C_{IN}$  = 1  $\mu$ F,  $C_{OUT}$  = 4.7  $\mu$ F,  $V_{IN}$  =  $V_{OUT(NOM)}$  + 1 V,  $T_A$  = 25°C, and  $ON/\overline{OFF}$  pin tied to  $V_{IN}$  (unless otherwise specified)

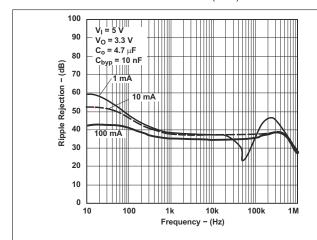


Figure 6-11. Ripple Rejection vs Frequency

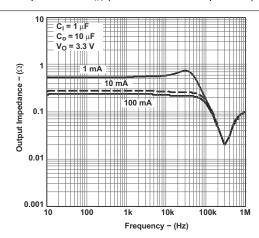


Figure 6-12. Output Impedance vs Frequency

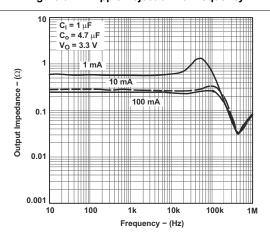


Figure 6-13. Output Impedance vs Frequency

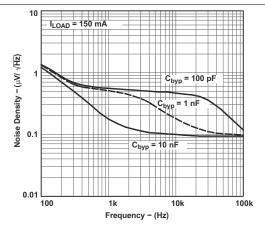


Figure 6-14. Output Noise Density vs Frequency

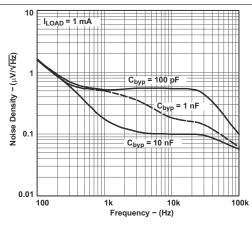


Figure 6-15. Output Noise Density vs Frequency

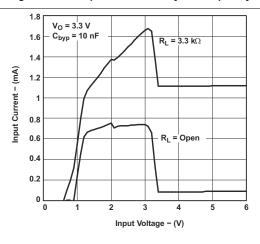


Figure 6-16. Input Current vs Input Voltage



# **6.6 Typical Characteristics (continued)**

 $C_{IN} = 1~\mu\text{F},~C_{OUT} = 4.7~\mu\text{F},~V_{IN} = V_{OUT(NOM)} + 1~V,~T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C},~\text{and}~ON/\overline{OFF}~\text{pin tied to}~V_{IN}~\text{(unless otherwise specified)}$ 

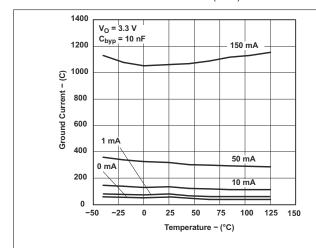


Figure 6-17. Ground-Pin Current vs Temperature

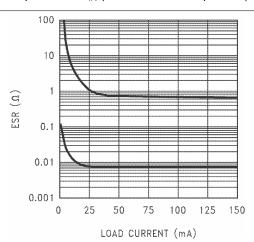
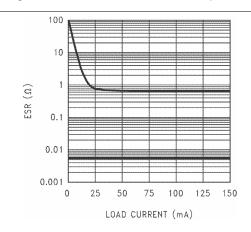


Figure 6-18. 2.2-µF Stable ESR Range for Output Voltage ≤ 2.3 V



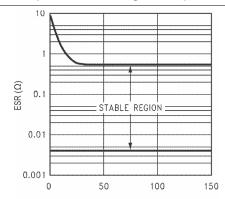


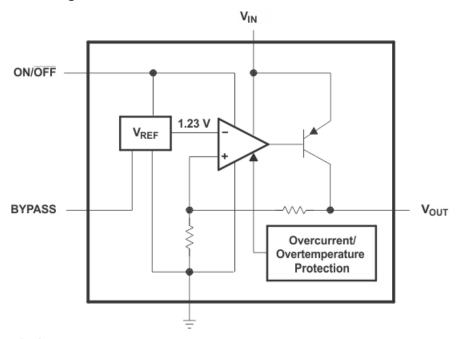
Figure 6-19. 4.7- $\mu$ F Stable ESR Range for Output Voltage  $\leq$  2.3 V  $\mid$  Figure 6-20. 2.2- $\mu$ F, 3.3- $\mu$ F Stable ESR Range for Output Voltage ≥ 2.5 V

#### 7 Detailed Description

#### 7.1 Overview

The LP2985 family of fixed-output, low-dropout regulators offers exceptional, cost-effective performance for both portable and nonportable applications. Available in voltages of 1.8 V, 2.5 V, 2.8 V, 2.9 V, 3 V, 3.1 V, 3.3 V, 5 V, and 10 V, the family has an output tolerance of 1% for the A version (1.5% for the non-A version) and is capable of delivering 150-mA continuous load current. Standard regulator features, such as overcurrent and overtemperature protection, are included.

#### 7.2 Functional Block Diagram



#### 7.3 Feature Description

The LP2985 has a host of features that makes the regulator an ideal candidate for a variety of portable applications:

- Low dropout: A PNP pass element allows a typical dropout of 280 mV at 150-mA load current and 7 mV at 1-mA load.
- Low quiescent current: The use of a vertical PNP process allows for quiescent currents that are considerably lower than those associated with traditional lateral PNP regulators.
- Shutdown: A shutdown feature is available, allowing the regulator to consume only 0.01 μA when the ON/OFF pin is pulled low.
- Low-ESR-capacitor friendly: The regulator is stable with low-ESR capacitors, allowing the use of small, inexpensive, ceramic capacitors in cost-sensitive applications.
- Low noise: A BYPASS pin allows for low-noise operation, with a typical output noise of 30 μV<sub>RMS</sub>, with the
  use of a 10-nF bypass capacitor.
- Small packaging: For the most space-constrained needs, the regulator is available in the SOT-23 package.

#### 7.4 Device Functional Modes

#### 7.4.1 Normal Operation

In normal operation, the device will output a fixed voltage corresponding with the orderable part number. The device can deliver 150 mA of continuous load current.

Copyright © 2022 Texas Instruments Incorporated

Submit Document Feedback



#### 7.4.2 Shutdown Mode

Set the ON/ $\overline{\text{OFF}}$  pin low to shut down the device when  $V_{\text{IN}}$  is still present. If a shutdown mode is not needed, tie the pin to  $V_{\text{IN}}$ . For proper operation, do not leave  $\overline{\text{ON/OFF}}$  unconnected, and apply a signal with a slew rate of  $\geq$  40 mV/ $\mu$ s.

#### 8 Application and Implementation

#### Note

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes, as well as validating and testing their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

#### 8.1 Application Information

#### 8.1.1 Capacitors

#### 8.1.1.1 Input Capacitor (C<sub>IN</sub>)

A minimum value of 1  $\mu$ F (over the entire operating temperature range) is required at the input of the LP2985. In addition, this input capacitor must be located within 1 cm of the input pin and connected to a clean analog ground. There are no equivalent series resistance (ESR) requirements for this capacitor, and the capacitance can be increased without limit.

#### 8.1.1.2 Output Capacitor (C<sub>OUT</sub>)

As an advantage over other regulators, the LP2985 permits the use of low-ESR capacitors at the output, including ceramic capacitors that can have an ESR as low as 5 m $\Omega$ . Tantalum and film capacitors also can be used if size and cost are not issues. The output capacitor must be located within 1 cm of the output pin and be returned to a clean analog ground.

As with other PNP LDOs, stability conditions require the output capacitor to have a minimum capacitance and an ESR that falls within a certain range.

- Minimum C<sub>OUT</sub>: 2.2 μF (can be increased without limit to improve transient response stability margin)
- ESR range: see Figure 6-18 through Figure 6-20

Both the minimum capacitance and ESR requirement are critical to be met *over the entire operating temperature* range. Depending on the type of capacitors used, both these parameters can vary significantly with temperature (see the *Capacitor Characteristics* section).

# 8.1.1.3 Noise Bypass Capacitor (CBYPASS)

The LP2985 allows for low-noise performance with the use of a bypass capacitor that is connected to the internal band-gap reference via the BYPASS pin. This high-impedance band-gap circuitry is biased in the microampere range and, thus, cannot be loaded significantly, otherwise, its output (and, correspondingly, the output of the regulator) changes. Thus, for best output accuracy, dc leakage current through  $C_{BYPASS}$  must be minimized as much as possible and must never exceed 100 nA.

A 10-nF capacitor is recommended for CBYPASS. Ceramic and film capacitors are well suited for this purpose.

#### 8.1.1.4 Capacitor Characteristics

#### 8.1.1.4.1 Ceramics

Ceramic capacitors are ideal choices for use on the output of the LP2985 for several reasons. For capacitances in the range of 2.2  $\mu$ F to 4.7  $\mu$ F, ceramic capacitors have the lowest cost and the lowest ESR, making them choice candidates for filtering high-frequency noise. For instance, a typical 2.2- $\mu$ F ceramic capacitor has an ESR in the range of 10 m $\Omega$  to 20 m $\Omega$  and, thus, satisfies minimum ESR requirements of the regulator.

Ceramic capacitors have one major disadvantage that must be taken into account—a poor temperature coefficient, where the capacitance can vary significantly with temperature. For instance, a large-value ceramic capacitor ( $\geq 2.2~\mu F$ ) can lose more than half of its capacitance as the temperature rises from 25°C to 85°C. Thus, a 2.2- $\mu F$  capacitor at 25°C drops well below the minimum  $C_{OUT}$  required for stability, as ambient temperature rises. For this reason, select an output capacitor that maintains the minimum 2.2  $\mu F$  required for

stability over the entire operating temperature range. There are some ceramic capacitors that can maintain a ±15% capacitance tolerance over temperature.

#### 8.1.1.4.2 Tantalum

Tantalum capacitors can be used at the output of the LP2985, but there are significant disadvantages that can prohibit their use:

- In the 1-µF to 4.7-µF range, tantalum capacitors are more expensive than ceramics of the equivalent capacitance and voltage ratings.
- Tantalum capacitors have higher ESRs than their equivalent-sized ceramic counterparts. Thus, to meet the ESR requirements, a higher-capacitance tantalum may be required, at the expense of larger size and higher cost.
- The ESR of a tantalum capacitor increases as temperature drops, as much as double from +25°C to -40°C. Thus, ESR margins must be maintained over the temperature range to prevent regulator instability.

#### 8.1.2 Reverse Input-Output Voltage

As shown in Figure 8-1, there is an inherent diode present across the PNP pass element of the LP2985.

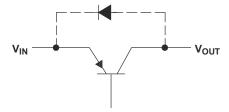


Figure 8-1. Inherent PNP Body Diode

With the anode connected to the output, this diode is reverse biased during normal operation, since the input voltage is higher than the output. However, if the output is pulled higher than the input for any reason, this diode is forward biased and can cause a parasitic silicon-controlled rectifier (SCR) to latch, resulting in high current flowing from the output to the input. Thus, to prevent possible damage to the regulator in any application where the output may be pulled above the input, or the input may be shorted to ground, connect an external Schottky diode between the output and input. With the anode on the output, this Schottky diode limits the reverse voltage across the output and input pins to approximately 0.3 V (as shown in Figure 8-2), preventing the regulator internal diode from forward biasing.

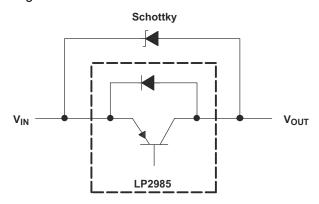


Figure 8-2. External Schottky Diode to Prevent Reverse Current Through the Device

Submit Document Feedback

Copyright © 2022 Texas Instruments Incorporated

#### 8.2 Typical Application

Figure 8-3 shows the standard usage of the LP2985 as a low-dropout regulator.

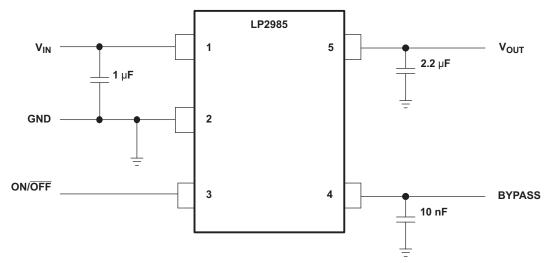


Figure 8-3. LP2985 Typical Application

#### 8.2.1 Design Requirements

 $\label{eq:continuous} \mbox{Minimum $C_{OUT}$ value for stability (can be increased without limit for improved stability and transient response)}$ 

ON/OFF must be actively terminated. Connect to V<sub>IN</sub> if shutdown feature is not used.

Optional BYPASS capacitor for low-noise operation.

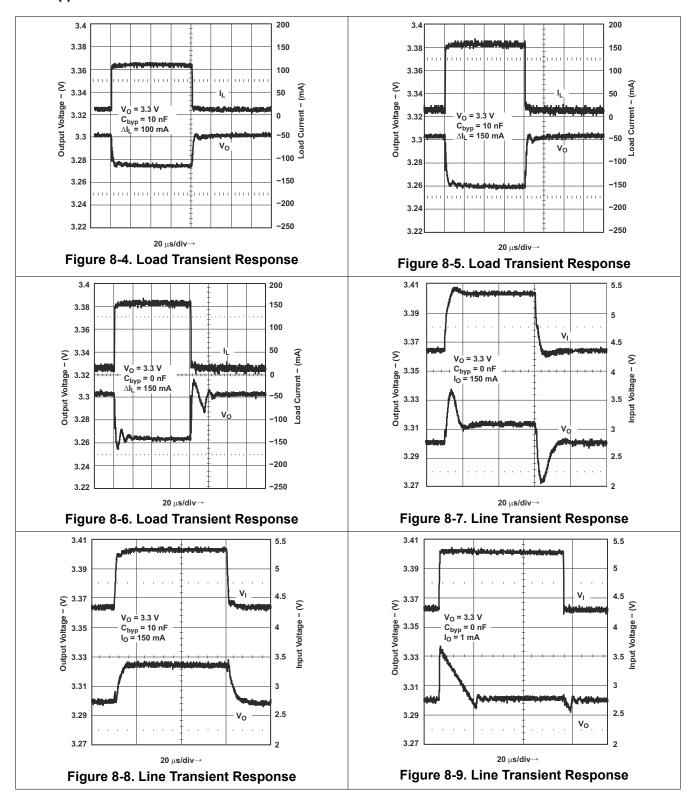
#### 8.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

#### 8.2.2.1 ON/OFF Operation

The LP2985 allows for a shutdown mode via the ON/ $\overline{OFF}$  pin. Driving the pin LOW ( $\leq 0.3$  V) turns the device OFF; conversely, a HIGH ( $\geq 1.6$  V) turns the device ON. If the shutdown feature is not used, connect ON/ $\overline{OFF}$  to the input to ensure that the regulator is on at all times. For proper operation, do not leave ON/ $\overline{OFF}$  unconnected, and apply a signal with a slew rate of  $\geq 40$  mV/ $\mu$ s.



#### 8.2.3 Application Curves



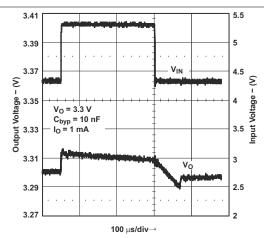


Figure 8-10. Line Transient Response

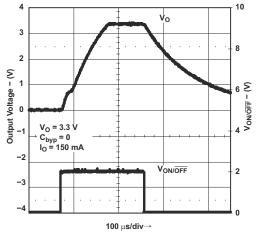


Figure 8-11. Turn-On Time

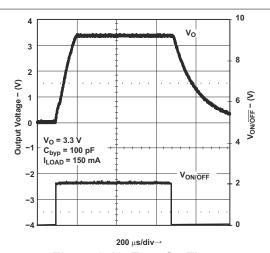


Figure 8-12. Turn-On Time

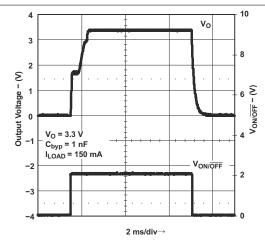


Figure 8-13. Turn-On Time

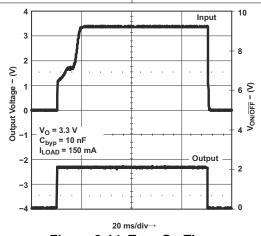


Figure 8-14. Turn-On Time

# 9 Power Supply Recommendations

A power supply can be used at the input voltage within the ranges given in the *Recommended Operating Conditions* table. Use bypass capacitors as described in the *Layout Guidelines* section.

# 10 Layout

#### 10.1 Layout Guidelines

- Bypass the input pin to ground with a bypass-capacitor.
- The optimum placement of the bypass capacitor is closest to the V<sub>IN</sub> of the device and GND of the system.
   Care must be taken to minimize the loop area formed by the bypass-capacitor connection, the V<sub>IN</sub> pin, and the GND pin of the system.
- For operation at full-rated load, use wide trace lengths to eliminate IR drop and heat dissipation.

#### 10.2 Layout Example

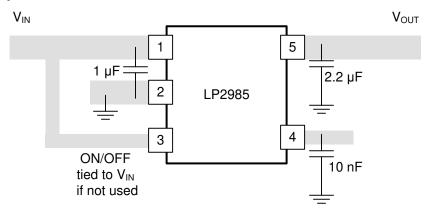


Figure 10-1. Layout Diagram

# 11 Device and Documentation Support

#### 11.1 Receiving Notification of Documentation Updates

To receive notification of documentation updates, navigate to the device product folder on ti.com. Click on *Subscribe to updates* to register and receive a weekly digest of any product information that has changed. For change details, review the revision history included in any revised document.

#### 11.2 Support Resources

TI E2E<sup>™</sup> support forums are an engineer's go-to source for fast, verified answers and design help — straight from the experts. Search existing answers or ask your own question to get the quick design help you need.

Linked content is provided "AS IS" by the respective contributors. They do not constitute TI specifications and do not necessarily reflect TI's views; see TI's Terms of Use.

#### 11.3 Trademarks

TI E2E<sup>™</sup> is a trademark of Texas Instruments.

All trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

#### 11.4 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Texas Instruments recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage.

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

#### 11.5 Glossary

TI Glossary

This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

# 12 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.



www.ti.com 13-Aug-2021

# **PACKAGING INFORMATION**

Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan	Lead finish/ Ball material	MSL Peak Temp	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
LP2985-10DBVR	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	LRCG	Samples
LP2985-10DBVT	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	LRCG	Samples
LP2985-18DBVR	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU   SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	(LPHG, LPHL)	Samples
LP2985-18DBVRE4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	LPHG	Samples
LP2985-18DBVRG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	LPHG	Samples
LP2985-18DBVT	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU   SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	(LPHG, LPHL)	Samples
LP2985-18DBVTE4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	LPHG	Samples
LP2985-18DBVTG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	LPHG	Samples
LP2985-25DBVR	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	(LPLG, LPLL)	Samples
LP2985-25DBVT	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	(LPLG, LPLL)	Samples
LP2985-28DBVR	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU   SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	(LPGG, LPGL)	Samples
LP2985-28DBVT	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU   SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	(LPGG, LPGL)	Samples
LP2985-28DBVTG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	LPGG	Samples
LP2985-29DBVR	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	(LPMG, LPML)	Samples
LP2985-30DBVR	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	(LPNG, LPNL)	Samples
LP2985-30DBVRG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	(LPNG, LPNL)	Samples
LP2985-30DBVT	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	(LPNG, LPNL)	Samples
LP2985-30DBVTG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	(LPNG, LPNL)	Samples
LP2985-33DBVR	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU   SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	(LPFG, LPFL)	Samples
LP2985-33DBVRE4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	LPFG	Samples





13-Aug-2021 www.ti.com

Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan	Lead finish/ Ball material	MSL Peak Temp	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
LP2985-33DBVRG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	LPFG	Samples
LP2985-33DBVT	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU   SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	(LPFG, LPFL)	Samples
LP2985-33DBVTE4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	LPFG	Samples
LP2985-33DBVTG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	LPFG	Samples
LP2985-50DBVR	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	(LPSG, LPSL)	Samples
LP2985-50DBVRG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	(LPSG, LPSL)	Samples
LP2985-50DBVT	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	(LPSG, LPSL)	Samples
LP2985-50DBVTG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	(LPSG, LPSL)	Samples
LP2985A-10DBVR	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	LRDG	Samples
LP2985A-10DBVT	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	LRDG	Samples
LP2985A-18DBVJ	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	10000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	LPTL	Samples
LP2985A-18DBVR	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU   SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	(LPTG, LPTL)	Samples
LP2985A-18DBVRG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	LPTG	Samples
LP2985A-18DBVT	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU   SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	(LPTG, LPTL)	Samples
LP2985A-25DBVR	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	(LPUG, LPUL)	Samples
LP2985A-25DBVRG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	(LPUG, LPUL)	Samples
LP2985A-25DBVT	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	(LPUG, LPUL)	Samples
LP2985A-28DBVR	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU   SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	(LPJG, LPJL)	Samples
LP2985A-28DBVT	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU   SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	(LPJG, LPJL)	Samples
LP2985A-29DBVR	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	(LPZG, LPZL)	Samples
LP2985A-30DBVR	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	(LRAG, LRAL)	Samples

13-Aug-2021

www.ti.com

Orderable Device	Status	Package Type	•	Pins	_	Eco Plan	Lead finish/	MSL Peak Temp	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking	Samples
	(1)		Drawing		Qty	(2)	Ball material	(3)		(4/5)	
LP2985A-30DBVT	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	(LRAG, LRAL)	Samples
LP2985A-33DBVR	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU   SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	(LPKG, LPKL)	Samples
LP2985A-33DBVRG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	LPKG	Samples
LP2985A-33DBVT	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU   SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	(LPKG, LPKL)	Samples
LP2985A-33DBVTE4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	LPKG	Samples
LP2985A-33DBVTG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	LPKG	Samples
LP2985A-50DBVR	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	(LR1G, LR1L)	Samples
LP2985A-50DBVRG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	(LR1G, LR1L)	Samples
LP2985A-50DBVT	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	(LR1G, LR1L)	Samples

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

**OBSOLETE:** TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) RoHS: TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. TI may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".

RoHS Exempt: TI defines "RoHS Exempt" to mean products that contain lead but are compliant with EU RoHS pursuant to a specific EU RoHS exemption.

**Green:** TI defines "Green" to mean the content of Chlorine (CI) and Bromine (Br) based flame retardants meet JS709B low halogen requirements of <=1000ppm threshold. Antimony trioxide based flame retardants must also meet the <=1000ppm threshold requirement.

- (3) MSL, Peak Temp. The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.
- (4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.
- (5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.



# **PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM**

www.ti.com 13-Aug-2021

(6) Lead finish/Ball material - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

**Important Information and Disclaimer:** The information provided on this page represents TI's knowledge and belief as of the date that it is provided. TI bases its knowledge and belief on information provided by third parties, and makes no representation or warranty as to the accuracy of such information. Efforts are underway to better integrate information from third parties. TI has taken and continues to take reasonable steps to provide representative and accurate information but may not have conducted destructive testing or chemical analysis on incoming materials and chemicals. TI and TI suppliers consider certain information to be proprietary, and thus CAS numbers and other limited information may not be available for release.

In no event shall TI's liability arising out of such information exceed the total purchase price of the TI part(s) at issue in this document sold by TI to Customer on an annual basis.

PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

www.ti.com 24-Jul-2020

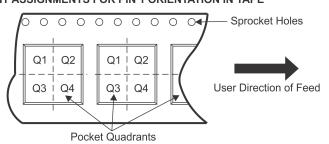
# TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION



# TAPE DIMENSIONS KO P1 BO W Cavity AO

	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



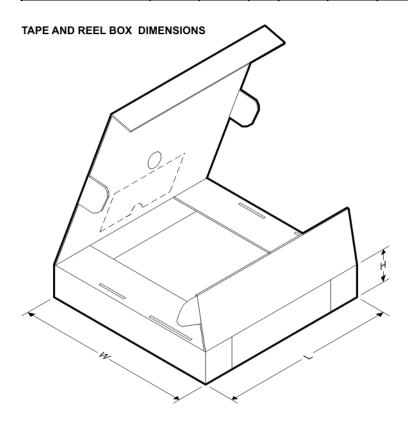
\*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
LP2985-10DBVR	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	178.0	9.0	3.23	3.17	1.37	4.0	8.0	Q3
LP2985-10DBVT	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	178.0	9.0	3.3	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
LP2985-18DBVR	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	178.0	9.0	3.3	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
LP2985-18DBVRG4	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	178.0	9.0	3.3	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
LP2985-18DBVTG4	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	178.0	9.0	3.23	3.17	1.37	4.0	8.0	Q3
LP2985-25DBVR	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	178.0	9.0	3.3	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
LP2985-28DBVR	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	178.0	9.0	3.23	3.17	1.37	4.0	8.0	Q3
LP2985-28DBVTG4	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	178.0	9.0	3.3	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
LP2985-29DBVR	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	178.0	9.0	3.23	3.17	1.37	4.0	8.0	Q3
LP2985-30DBVR	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	178.0	9.0	3.23	3.17	1.37	4.0	8.0	Q3
LP2985-33DBVR	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	178.0	9.0	3.3	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
LP2985-33DBVRG4	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	178.0	9.0	3.3	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
LP2985-33DBVT	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	178.0	9.0	3.23	3.17	1.37	4.0	8.0	Q3
LP2985-33DBVTG4	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	178.0	9.0	3.23	3.17	1.37	4.0	8.0	Q3
LP2985-50DBVR	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	178.0	9.0	3.23	3.17	1.37	4.0	8.0	Q3
LP2985A-10DBVR	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	178.0	9.0	3.23	3.17	1.37	4.0	8.0	Q3
LP2985A-10DBVT	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	178.0	9.0	3.3	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
LP2985A-18DBVJ	SOT-23	DBV	5	10000	330.0	8.4	3.17	3.23	1.37	4.0	8.0	Q3

# **PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION**

www.ti.com 24-Jul-2020

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
LP2985A-18DBVR	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	178.0	9.0	3.23	3.17	1.37	4.0	8.0	Q3
LP2985A-18DBVRG4	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	178.0	9.0	3.23	3.17	1.37	4.0	8.0	Q3
LP2985A-25DBVR	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	178.0	9.0	3.23	3.17	1.37	4.0	8.0	Q3
LP2985A-25DBVT	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	180.0	9.2	3.17	3.23	1.37	4.0	8.0	Q3
LP2985A-28DBVR	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	178.0	9.0	3.23	3.17	1.37	4.0	8.0	Q3
LP2985A-28DBVR	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	180.0	9.2	3.17	3.23	1.37	4.0	8.0	Q3
LP2985A-29DBVR	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	178.0	9.0	3.23	3.17	1.37	4.0	8.0	Q3
LP2985A-30DBVR	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	178.0	9.0	3.23	3.17	1.37	4.0	8.0	Q3
LP2985A-33DBVR	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	178.0	9.0	3.3	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
LP2985A-33DBVRG4	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	178.0	9.0	3.3	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
LP2985A-33DBVT	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	178.0	9.0	3.23	3.17	1.37	4.0	8.0	Q3
LP2985A-33DBVTG4	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	178.0	9.0	3.23	3.17	1.37	4.0	8.0	Q3
LP2985A-50DBVR	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	178.0	9.0	3.23	3.17	1.37	4.0	8.0	Q3



#### \*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
LP2985-10DBVR	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	180.0	180.0	18.0
LP2985-10DBVT	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	180.0	180.0	18.0
LP2985-18DBVR	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	180.0	180.0	18.0
LP2985-18DBVRG4	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	180.0	180.0	18.0



# **PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION**

www.ti.com 24-Jul-2020

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
LP2985-18DBVTG4	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	180.0	180.0	18.0
LP2985-25DBVR	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	180.0	180.0	18.0
LP2985-28DBVR	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	180.0	180.0	18.0
LP2985-28DBVTG4	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	180.0	180.0	18.0
LP2985-29DBVR	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	180.0	180.0	18.0
LP2985-30DBVR	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	180.0	180.0	18.0
LP2985-33DBVR	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	180.0	180.0	18.0
LP2985-33DBVRG4	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	180.0	180.0	18.0
LP2985-33DBVT	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	180.0	180.0	18.0
LP2985-33DBVTG4	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	180.0	180.0	18.0
LP2985-50DBVR	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	180.0	180.0	18.0
LP2985A-10DBVR	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	180.0	180.0	18.0
LP2985A-10DBVT	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	180.0	180.0	18.0
LP2985A-18DBVJ	SOT-23	DBV	5	10000	358.0	332.0	35.0
LP2985A-18DBVR	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	180.0	180.0	18.0
LP2985A-18DBVRG4	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	180.0	180.0	18.0
LP2985A-25DBVR	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	180.0	180.0	18.0
LP2985A-25DBVT	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	205.0	200.0	33.0
LP2985A-28DBVR	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	180.0	180.0	18.0
LP2985A-28DBVR	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	205.0	200.0	33.0
LP2985A-29DBVR	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	180.0	180.0	18.0
LP2985A-30DBVR	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	180.0	180.0	18.0
LP2985A-33DBVR	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	180.0	180.0	18.0
LP2985A-33DBVRG4	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	180.0	180.0	18.0
LP2985A-33DBVT	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	180.0	180.0	18.0
LP2985A-33DBVTG4	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	180.0	180.0	18.0
LP2985A-50DBVR	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	180.0	180.0	18.0



SMALL OUTLINE TRANSISTOR



#### NOTES:

- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
  2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
  3. Reference JEDEC MO-178.

- 4. Body dimensions do not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.25 mm per side.



SMALL OUTLINE TRANSISTOR



NOTES: (continued)

5. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.

6. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.



SMALL OUTLINE TRANSISTOR



NOTES: (continued)



<sup>7.</sup> Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.

<sup>8.</sup> Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.

#### **IMPORTANT NOTICE AND DISCLAIMER**

TI PROVIDES TECHNICAL AND RELIABILITY DATA (INCLUDING DATA SHEETS), DESIGN RESOURCES (INCLUDING REFERENCE DESIGNS), APPLICATION OR OTHER DESIGN ADVICE, WEB TOOLS, SAFETY INFORMATION, AND OTHER RESOURCES "AS IS" AND WITH ALL FAULTS, AND DISCLAIMS ALL WARRANTIES, EXPRESS AND IMPLIED, INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION ANY IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR NON-INFRINGEMENT OF THIRD PARTY INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS.

These resources are intended for skilled developers designing with TI products. You are solely responsible for (1) selecting the appropriate TI products for your application, (2) designing, validating and testing your application, and (3) ensuring your application meets applicable standards, and any other safety, security, regulatory or other requirements.

These resources are subject to change without notice. TI grants you permission to use these resources only for development of an application that uses the TI products described in the resource. Other reproduction and display of these resources is prohibited. No license is granted to any other TI intellectual property right or to any third party intellectual property right. TI disclaims responsibility for, and you will fully indemnify TI and its representatives against, any claims, damages, costs, losses, and liabilities arising out of your use of these resources.

TI's products are provided subject to TI's Terms of Sale or other applicable terms available either on ti.com or provided in conjunction with such TI products. TI's provision of these resources does not expand or otherwise alter TI's applicable warranties or warranty disclaimers for TI products.

TI objects to and rejects any additional or different terms you may have proposed.

Mailing Address: Texas Instruments, Post Office Box 655303, Dallas, Texas 75265 Copyright © 2022, Texas Instruments Incorporated