

# SN74HCS157-Q1 具有施密特触发器输入的汽车类四通道 2 线至 1 线多路复用器

## 1 特性

- 符合面向汽车应用的 AEC-Q100 标准：
  - 器件温度等级 1：
    - 40°C 至 +125°C, T<sub>A</sub>
  - 器件 HBM ESD 分类等级 2
  - 器件 CDM ESD 分类等级 C6
- 采用具有可湿性侧面的 QFN (WBQB) 封装
- 宽工作电压范围：2V 至 6V
- 施密特触发输入可耐受慢速或高噪声输入信号
- 低功耗
  - I<sub>CC</sub> 典型值为 100nA
  - 输入泄漏电流典型值为 ±100nA
- 电压为 6V 时，输出驱动为 ±7.8mA

## 2 应用

- 数据选择
- 多路复用

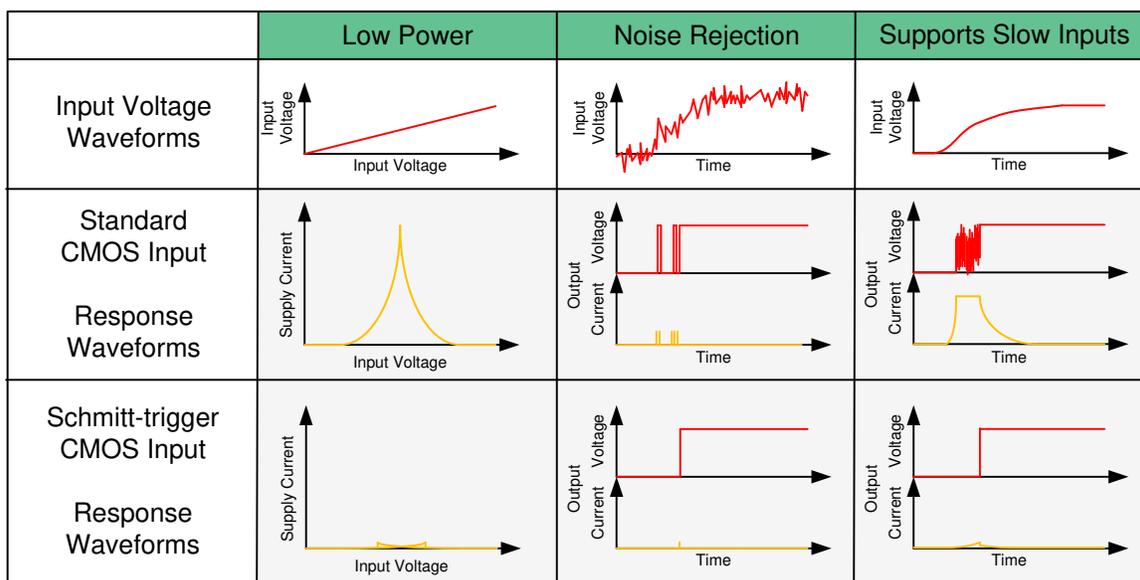
## 3 说明

SN74HCS157-Q1 包含 4 个数据选择器/多路复用器，可从两个数据源中选择其中一个。所有通道均由相同的地址选择 ( $\bar{A}/\bar{B}$ ) 输入和选通 ( $\bar{G}$ ) 输入控制。将选通端子设为高电平，会强制所有输出端输出低电平。

### 器件信息

器件型号	封装 <sup>(1)</sup>	封装尺寸 (标称值)
SN74HCS157PW-Q1	TSSOP (16)	5.00mm × 4.40mm
SN74HCS157D-Q1	SOIC (16)	9.90mm × 3.90mm
SN74HCS157WBQB-Q1	WQFN (16)	3.60mm × 2.60mm

(1) 要了解所有可用封装，请参见数据表末尾的可订购产品附录。



施密特触发输入的优势



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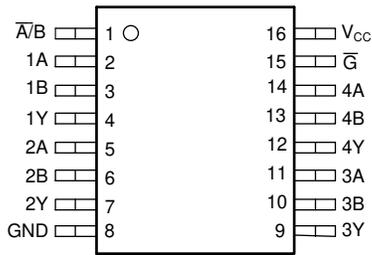
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## 4 Revision History

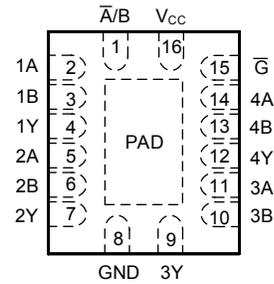
注：以前版本的页码可能与当前版本的页码不同

Changes from Revision * (August 2020) to Revision A (December 2021)	Page
• 向器件信息 添加了 WBQB 封装信息.....	1
• Added WBQB package to <i>Pin Configuration and Functions</i> .....	3
• Added WBQB package to Thermal Information table.....	4
• Added wettable flanks topic to <i>Feature Description</i> .....	10

## 5 Pin Configuration and Functions



**D or PW Package  
16-Pin SOIC or TSSOP  
Top View**



**WBQB Package  
16-Pin WQFN  
Top View**

### Pin Functions

PIN		I/O <sup>(1)</sup>	DESCRIPTION
SOIC or TSSOP NO.	NAME		
1	$\bar{A}/B$	I	Address select
2	1A	I	Channel 1, data input A
3	1B	I	Channel 1, data input B
4	1Y	I	Channel 1, data output
5	2A	O	Channel 2, data input A
6	2B	O	Channel 2, data input B
7	2Y	I	Channel 2, data output
8	GND	—	Ground
9	3Y	I	Channel 3, data output
10	3B	I	Channel 3, data input B
11	3A	I	Channel 3, data input A
12	4Y	I	Channel 4, data output
13	4B	I	Channel 4, data input B
14	4A	I	Channel 4, data input A
15	$\bar{G}$	I	Output strobe, active low
16	V <sub>CC</sub>	—	Positive supply
Thermal Pad <sup>(2)</sup>		—	The thermal pad can be connected to GND or left floating. Do not connect to any other signal or supply.

(1) Signal Types: I = Input, O = Output, I/O = Input or Output.

(2) WBQB package only.

## 6 Specifications

### 6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)<sup>(1)</sup>

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
V <sub>CC</sub>	Supply voltage	- 0.5	7	V
I <sub>IK</sub>	Input clamp current <sup>(2)</sup>	V <sub>I</sub> < - 0.5 V or V <sub>I</sub> > V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.5 V		±20 mA
I <sub>OK</sub>	Output clamp current <sup>(2)</sup>	V <sub>I</sub> < - 0.5 V or V <sub>I</sub> > V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.5 V		±20 mA
I <sub>O</sub>	Continuous output current	V <sub>O</sub> = 0 to V <sub>CC</sub>		±35 mA
	Continuous current through V <sub>CC</sub> or GND		±70	mA
T <sub>J</sub>	Junction temperature <sup>(3)</sup>		150	°C
T <sub>stg</sub>	Storage temperature	- 65	150	°C

- (1) Operation outside the *Absolute Maximum Ratings* may cause permanent device damage. Absolute maximum ratings do not imply functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those listed under *Recommended Operating Conditions*. If briefly operating outside the *Recommended Operating Conditions* but within the *Absolute Maximum Ratings*, the device may not sustain damage, but it may not be fully functional. Operating the device in this manner may affect device reliability, functionality, performance, and shorten the device lifetime.
- (2) The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.
- (3) Guaranteed by design.

### 6.2 ESD Ratings

			VALUE	UNIT
V <sub>(ESD)</sub>	Electrostatic discharge	Human body model (HBM), per AEC Q100-002 <sup>(1)</sup> HBM ESD Classification Level 2	±4000	V
		Charged device model (CDM), per AEC Q100-011 CDM ESD Classification Level C6	±1500	

- (1) AEC Q100-002 indicate that HBM stressing shall be in accordance with the ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 specification.

### 6.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

		MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
V <sub>CC</sub>	Supply voltage	2	5	6	V
V <sub>I</sub>	Input voltage	0		V <sub>CC</sub>	V
V <sub>O</sub>	Output voltage	0		V <sub>CC</sub>	V
T <sub>A</sub>	Ambient temperature	- 40		125	°C

### 6.4 Thermal Information

THERMAL METRIC <sup>(1)</sup>		SN74HCS157-Q1			UNIT
		PW (TSSOP)	D (SOIC)	WBQB (WQFN)	
		16 PINS	16 PINS	16 PINS	
R <sub>θJA</sub>	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	141.2	122.2	97.3	°C/W
R <sub>θJC(top)</sub>	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	78.8	80.9	93.8	°C/W
R <sub>θJB</sub>	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	85.8	80.6	66.4	°C/W
Ψ <sub>JT</sub>	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	27.7	40.4	14.6	°C/W
Ψ <sub>JB</sub>	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	85.5	80.3	66.4	°C/W

THERMAL METRIC <sup>(1)</sup>		SN74HCS157-Q1			UNIT
		PW (TSSOP)	D (SOIC)	WBQB (WQFN)	
		16 PINS	16 PINS	16 PINS	
$R_{\theta JC(bot)}$	Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance	N/A	N/A	44.3	°C/W

- (1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the [Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics](#) application report.

## 6.5 Electrical Characteristics

over operating free-air temperature range; typical values measured at  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$  (unless otherwise noted).

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		$V_{CC}$	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$V_{T+}$	Positive switching threshold			2 V	0.7		1.5	V
				4.5 V	1.7		3.15	
				6 V	2.1		4.2	
$V_{T-}$	Negative switching threshold			2 V	0.3		1.0	V
				4.5 V	0.9		2.2	
				6 V	1.2		3.0	
$\Delta V_T$	Hysteresis ( $V_{T+} - V_{T-}$ ) <sup>(1)</sup>			2 V	0.2		1.0	V
				4.5 V	0.4		1.4	
				6 V	0.6		1.6	
$V_{OH}$	High-level output voltage	$V_I = V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$	$I_{OH} = -20 \mu\text{A}$	2 V to 6 V	$V_{CC} - 0.1$	$V_{CC} - 0.002$		V
			$I_{OH} = -6 \text{ mA}$	4.5 V	4.0	4.3		
			$I_{OH} = -7.8 \text{ mA}$	6 V	5.4	5.75		
$V_{OL}$	Low-level output voltage	$V_I = V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$	$I_{OL} = 20 \mu\text{A}$	2 V to 6 V		0.002	0.1	V
			$I_{OL} = 6 \text{ mA}$	4.5 V		0.18	0.30	
			$I_{OL} = 7.8 \text{ mA}$	6 V		0.22	0.33	
$I_I$	Input leakage current	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or 0		6 V		$\pm 100$	$\pm 1000$	nA
$I_{CC}$	Supply current	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or 0, $I_O = 0$		6 V		0.1	2	$\mu\text{A}$
$C_i$	Input capacitance			2 V to 6 V			5	pF

(1) Guaranteed by design.

## 6.6 Switching Characteristics

$C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$ ; over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted). See *Parameter Measurement Information*.

PARAMETER	FROM	TO	$V_{CC}$	Operating free-air temperature ( $T_A$ )						UNIT	
				25°C			- 40°C to 125°C				
				MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX		
$f_{max}$	Max switching frequency			2 V	6			5			MHz
				4.5 V	31			25			
				6 V	36			29			
$t_{pd}$	A or B	Y	2 V	21		32		55			ns
			4.5 V	8		12		19			
			6 V	7		11		16			
	$\bar{A}/\bar{B}$	Y	2 V	21		32		57			
			4.5 V	8		12		20			
			6 V	7		11		16			
	$\bar{G}$	Y	2 V	22		33		53			
			4.5 V	9		14		18			
			6 V	8		12		15			
$t_t$	Any output			2 V	13			21			ns
				4.5 V	6			9			
				6 V	5			7			

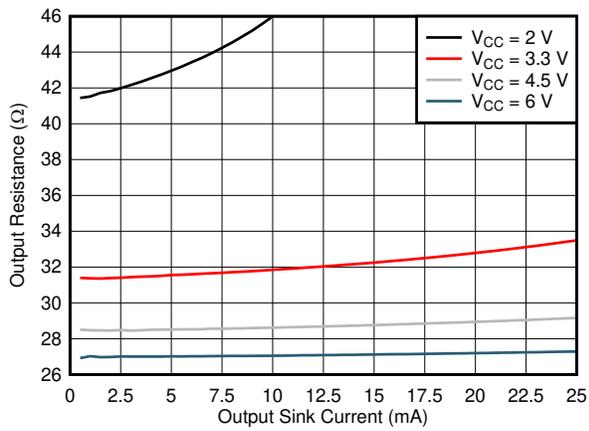
## 6.7 Operating Characteristics

over operating free-air temperature range; typical values measured at  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$  (unless otherwise noted).

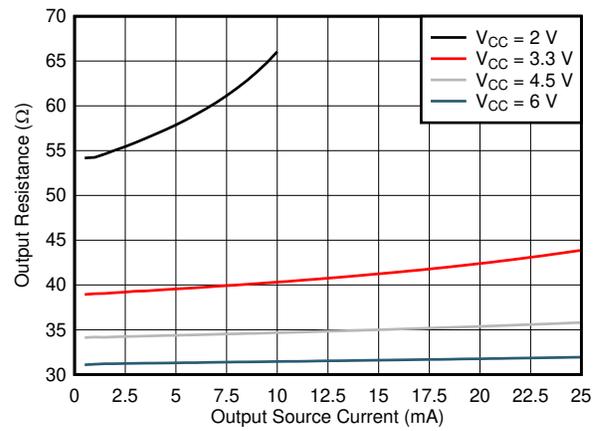
PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	$V_{CC}$	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$C_{pd}$	Power dissipation capacitance per gate	No load	2 V to 6 V		40		pF

## 6.8 Typical Characteristics

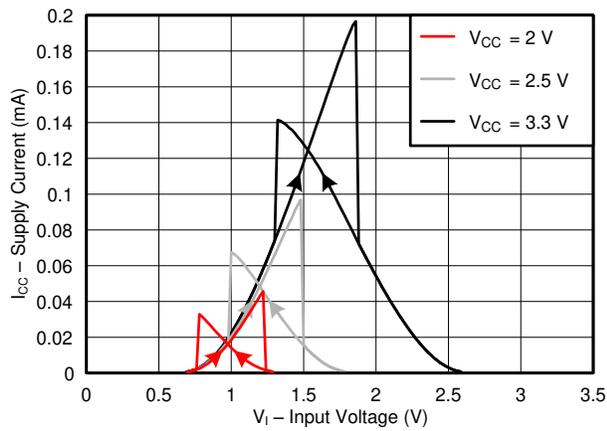
T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C



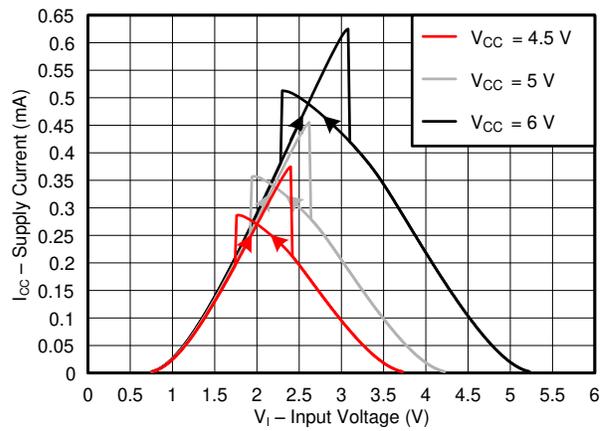
**Figure 6-1. Output Driver Resistance in LOW State**



**Figure 6-2. Output Driver Resistance in HIGH State**



**Figure 6-3. Supply Current Across Input Voltage, 2-, 2.5-, and 3.3-V Supply**



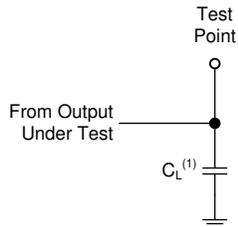
**Figure 6-4. Supply Current Across Input Voltage, 4.5-, 5-, and 6-V Supply**

## 7 Parameter Measurement Information

Phase relationships between waveforms were chosen arbitrarily. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics:  $PRR \leq 1$  MHz,  $Z_O = 50 \Omega$ ,  $t_t < 2.5$  ns.

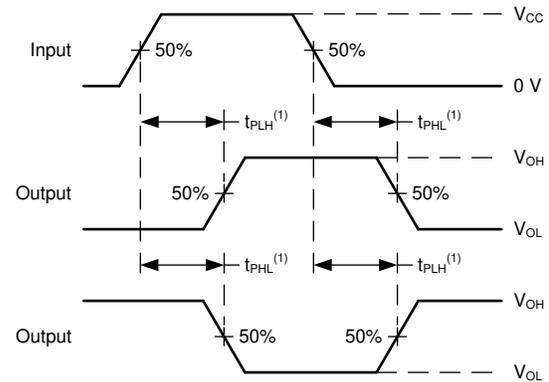
For clock inputs,  $f_{max}$  is measured when the input duty cycle is 50%.

The outputs are measured one at a time with one input transition per measurement.



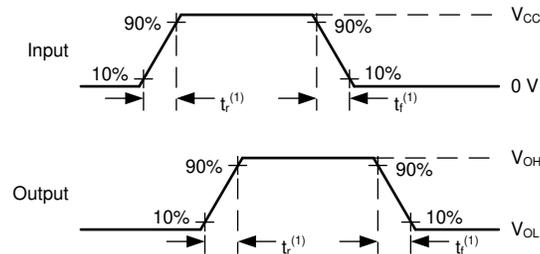
(1)  $C_L$  includes probe and test-fixture capacitance.

图 7-1. Load Circuit for Push-Pull Outputs



(1) The greater between  $t_{PLH}$  and  $t_{PHL}$  is the same as  $t_{pd}$ .

图 7-2. Voltage Waveforms Propagation Delays



(1) The greater between  $t_r$  and  $t_f$  is the same as  $t_t$ .

图 7-3. Voltage Waveforms, Input and Output Transition Times



inputs with slow transitioning signals will increase dynamic current consumption of the device. For additional information regarding Schmitt-trigger inputs, please see [Understanding Schmitt Triggers](#).

### 8.3.3 Clamp Diode Structure

The inputs and outputs to this device have both positive and negative clamping diodes as depicted in [Electrical Placement of Clamping Diodes for Each Input and Output](#).

**CAUTION**

Voltages beyond the values specified in the *Absolute Maximum Ratings* table can cause damage to the device. The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output clamp-current ratings are observed.

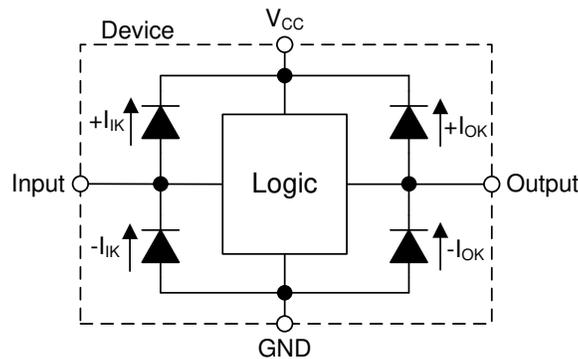


图 8-2. Electrical Placement of Clamping Diodes for Each Input and Output

### 8.3.4 Wettable Flanks

This device includes wettable flanks for at least one package. See the *Features* section on the front page of the data sheet for which packages include this feature.

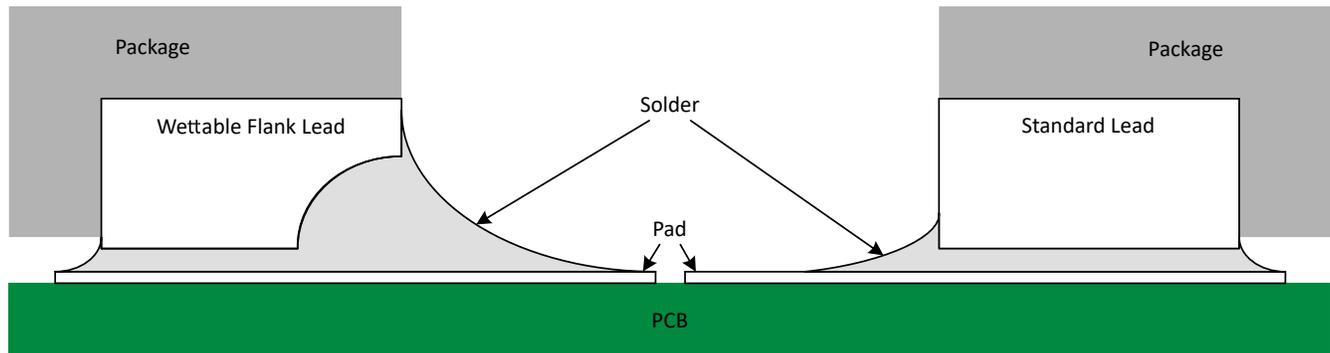


图 8-3. Simplified Cutaway View of Wettable-Flank QFN Package and Standard QFN Package After Soldering

Wettable flanks help improve side wetting after soldering which makes QFN packages easier to inspect with automatic optical inspection (AOI). A wettable flank can be dimpled or step-cut to provide additional surface area for solder adhesion which assists in reliably creating a side fillet as shown in 图 8-3. Please see the mechanical drawing for additional details.

## 8.4 Device Functional Modes

*Function Table* lists the functional modes of the SN74HCS157-Q1.

**表 8-1. Function Table**

INPUTS <sup>(1)</sup>				OUTPUT
$\bar{G}$	SELECT	DATA		Y
	$\bar{A}/\bar{B}$	A	B	
H	X	X	X	L
L	L	L	X	L
L	L	H	X	H
L	H	X	L	L
L	H	X	H	H

(1) H = High Voltage Level, L = Low Voltage Level, X = Don't Care

## 9 Application and Implementation

### 备注

以下应用部分的信息不属于 TI 组件规范，TI 不担保其准确性和完整性。客户应负责确定 TI 组件是否适用于其应用。客户应验证并测试其设计，以确保系统功能。

### 9.1 Application Information

The SN74HCS157-Q1 is a quadruple 2-to-1 data selector/multiplexer. This application shows an example of using the device with all required connections to switch a 4-bit data bus between two source devices.

### 9.2 Typical Application

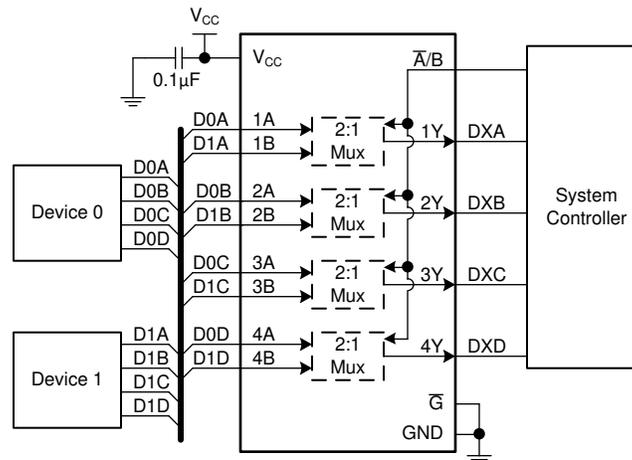


图 9-1. Typical application block diagram

#### 9.2.1 Design Requirements

##### 9.2.1.1 Power Considerations

Ensure the desired supply voltage is within the range specified in the *Recommended Operating Conditions*. The supply voltage sets the device's electrical characteristics as described in the *Electrical Characteristics*.

The positive voltage supply must be capable of sourcing current equal to the total current to be sourced by all outputs of the SN74HCS157-Q1 plus the maximum static supply current,  $I_{CC}$ , listed in *Electrical Characteristics* and any transient current required for switching. The logic device can only source as much current as is provided by the positive supply source. Be sure not to exceed the maximum total current through  $V_{CC}$  listed in the *Absolute Maximum Ratings*.

The ground must be capable of sinking current equal to the total current to be sunk by all outputs of the SN74HCS157-Q1 plus the maximum supply current,  $I_{CC}$ , listed in *Electrical Characteristics*, and any transient current required for switching. The logic device can only sink as much current as can be sunk into its ground connection. Be sure not to exceed the maximum total current through GND listed in the *Absolute Maximum Ratings*.

The SN74HCS157-Q1 can drive a load with a total capacitance less than or equal to 50 pF while still meeting all of the datasheet specifications. Larger capacitive loads can be applied, however it is not recommended to exceed 50 pF.

The SN74HCS157-Q1 can drive a load with total resistance described by  $R_L \geq V_O / I_O$ , with the output voltage and current defined in the *Electrical Characteristics* table with  $V_{OH}$  and  $V_{OL}$ . When outputting in the high state, the output voltage in the equation is defined as the difference between the measured output voltage and the supply voltage at the  $V_{CC}$  pin.

Total power consumption can be calculated using the information provided in [CMOS Power Consumption and Cpd Calculation](#).

Thermal increase can be calculated using the information provided in [Thermal Characteristics of Standard Linear and Logic \(SLL\) Packages and Devices](#).

#### CAUTION

The maximum junction temperature,  $T_{J(max)}$  listed in the *Absolute Maximum Ratings*, is an additional limitation to prevent damage to the device. Do not violate any values listed in the *Absolute Maximum Ratings*. These limits are provided to prevent damage to the device.

#### 9.2.1.2 Input Considerations

Input signals must cross  $V_{t-(min)}$  to be considered a logic LOW, and  $V_{t+(max)}$  to be considered a logic HIGH. Do not exceed the maximum input voltage range found in the *Absolute Maximum Ratings*.

Unused inputs must be terminated to either  $V_{CC}$  or ground. These can be directly terminated if the input is completely unused, or they can be connected with a pull-up or pull-down resistor if the input is to be used sometimes, but not always. A pull-up resistor is used for a default state of HIGH, and a pull-down resistor is used for a default state of LOW. The resistor size is limited by drive current of the controller, leakage current into the SN74HCS157-Q1, as specified in the *Electrical Characteristics*, and the desired input transition rate. A 10-k $\Omega$  resistor value is often used due to these factors.

The SN74HCS157-Q1 has no input signal transition rate requirements because it has Schmitt-trigger inputs.

Another benefit to having Schmitt-trigger inputs is the ability to reject noise. Noise with a large enough amplitude can still cause issues. To know how much noise is too much, please refer to the  $\Delta V_{T(min)}$  in the *Electrical Characteristics*. This hysteresis value will provide the peak-to-peak limit.

Unlike what happens with standard CMOS inputs, Schmitt-trigger inputs can be held at any valid value without causing huge increases in power consumption. The typical additional current caused by holding an input at a value other than  $V_{CC}$  or ground is plotted in the *Typical Characteristics*.

Refer to the *Feature Description* section for additional information regarding the inputs for this device.

#### 9.2.1.3 Output Considerations

The positive supply voltage is used to produce the output HIGH voltage. Drawing current from the output will decrease the output voltage as specified by the  $V_{OH}$  specification in the *Electrical Characteristics*. The ground voltage is used to produce the output LOW voltage. Sinking current into the output will increase the output voltage as specified by the  $V_{OL}$  specification in the *Electrical Characteristics*.

Push-pull outputs that could be in opposite states, even for a very short time period, should never be connected directly together. This can cause excessive current and damage to the device.

Two channels within the same device with the same input signals can be connected in parallel for additional output drive strength.

Unused outputs can be left floating. Do not connect outputs directly to  $V_{CC}$  or ground.

Refer to *Feature Description* section for additional information regarding the outputs for this device.

#### 9.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

1. Add a decoupling capacitor from  $V_{CC}$  to GND. The capacitor needs to be placed physically close to the device and electrically close to both the  $V_{CC}$  and GND pins. An example layout is shown in the *Layout* section.
2. Ensure the capacitive load at the output is  $\leq 50$  pF. This is not a hard limit, however it will ensure optimal performance. This can be accomplished by providing short, appropriately sized traces from the SN74HCS157-Q1 to the receiving device(s).

3. Ensure the resistive load at the output is larger than  $(V_{CC} / I_{O(max)}) \Omega$ . This will ensure that the maximum output current from the *Absolute Maximum Ratings* is not violated. Most CMOS inputs have a resistive load measured in megaohms; much larger than the minimum calculated above.
4. Thermal issues are rarely a concern for logic gates, however the power consumption and thermal increase can be calculated using the steps provided in the application report, [CMOS Power Consumption and Cpd Calculation](#).

### 9.2.3 Application Curve

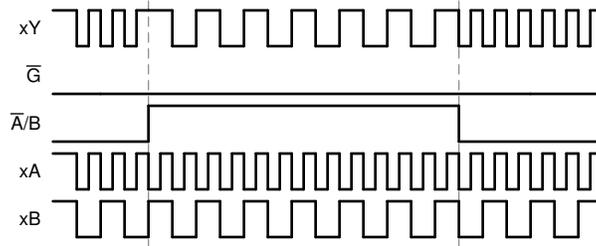


图 9-2. Application timing diagram

## 10 Power Supply Recommendations

The power supply can be any voltage between the minimum and maximum supply voltage rating located in the *Recommended Operating Conditions*. Each  $V_{CC}$  terminal should have a good bypass capacitor to prevent power disturbance. A 0.1- $\mu$ F capacitor is recommended for this device. It is acceptable to parallel multiple bypass caps to reject different frequencies of noise. The 0.1- $\mu$ F and 1- $\mu$ F capacitors are commonly used in parallel. The bypass capacitor should be installed as close to the power terminal as possible for best results, as shown in given example layout image.

## 11 Layout

### 11.1 Layout Guidelines

When using multiple-input and multiple-channel logic devices inputs must not ever be left floating. In many cases, functions or parts of functions of digital logic devices are unused; for example, when only two inputs of a triple-input AND gate are used or only 3 of the 4 buffer gates are used. Such unused input pins must not be left unconnected because the undefined voltages at the outside connections result in undefined operational states. All unused inputs of digital logic devices must be connected to a logic high or logic low voltage, as defined by the input voltage specifications, to prevent them from floating. The logic level that must be applied to any particular unused input depends on the function of the device. Generally, the inputs are tied to GND or  $V_{CC}$ , whichever makes more sense for the logic function or is more convenient.

### 11.2 Layout Example

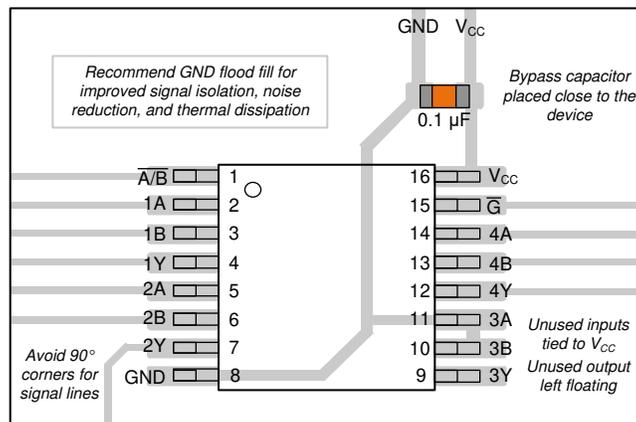


图 11-1. Example layout for the SN74HCS157-Q1.

## 12 Device and Documentation Support

TI offers an extensive line of development tools. Tools and software to evaluate the performance of the device, generate code, and develop solutions are listed below.

### 12.1 Documentation Support

#### 12.1.1 Related Documentation

For related documentation see the following:

- Texas Instruments, [HCMOS Design Considerations application report \(SCLA007\)](#)
- Texas Instruments, [CMOS Power Consumption and  \$C\_{pd}\$  Calculation application report \(SDYA009\)](#)
- Texas Instruments, [Designing With Logic application report](#)

#### 12.2 接收文档更新通知

要接收文档更新通知，请导航至 [ti.com](#) 上的器件产品文件夹。点击 [订阅更新](#) 进行注册，即可每周接收产品信息更改摘要。有关更改的详细信息，请查看任何已修订文档中包含的修订历史记录。

#### 12.3 支持资源

[TI E2E™ 中文支持论坛](#) 是工程师的重要参考资料，可直接从专家处获得快速、经过验证的解答和设计帮助。搜索现有解答或提出自己的问题，获得所需的快速设计帮助。

链接的内容由各个贡献者“按原样”提供。这些内容并不构成 TI 技术规范，并且不一定反映 TI 的观点；请参阅 TI 的 [使用条款](#)。

#### 12.4 Trademarks

TI E2E™ is a trademark of Texas Instruments.

所有商标均为其各自所有者的财产。

#### 12.5 静电放电警告



静电放电 (ESD) 会损坏这个集成电路。德州仪器 (TI) 建议通过适当的预防措施处理所有集成电路。如果不遵守正确的处理和安装程序，可能会损坏集成电路。

ESD 的损坏小至导致微小的性能降级，大至整个器件故障。精密的集成电路可能更容易受到损坏，这是因为非常细微的参数更改都可能会导致器件与其发布的规格不相符。

#### 12.6 术语表

[TI 术语表](#) 本术语表列出并解释了术语、首字母缩略词和定义。

## 13 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.

**PACKAGING INFORMATION**

Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan (2)	Lead finish/ Ball material (6)	MSL Peak Temp (3)	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
SN74HCS157QDRQ1	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	16	2500	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	HCS157Q	<a href="#">Samples</a>
SN74HCS157QPWRQ1	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	16	2000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	HCS157Q	<a href="#">Samples</a>
SN74HCS157QWBQRQ1	ACTIVE	WQFN	BQB	16	3000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	CS157Q	<a href="#">Samples</a>

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

**ACTIVE:** Product device recommended for new designs.

**LIFEBUY:** TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

**NRND:** Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

**PREVIEW:** Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

**OBSELETE:** TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) **RoHS:** TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. TI may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".

**RoHS Exempt:** TI defines "RoHS Exempt" to mean products that contain lead but are compliant with EU RoHS pursuant to a specific EU RoHS exemption.

**Green:** TI defines "Green" to mean the content of Chlorine (Cl) and Bromine (Br) based flame retardants meet JS709B low halogen requirements of <=1000ppm threshold. Antimony trioxide based flame retardants must also meet the <=1000ppm threshold requirement.

(3) MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

(4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.

(5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.

(6) Lead finish/Ball material - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

**Important Information and Disclaimer:**The information provided on this page represents TI's knowledge and belief as of the date that it is provided. TI bases its knowledge and belief on information provided by third parties, and makes no representation or warranty as to the accuracy of such information. Efforts are underway to better integrate information from third parties. TI has taken and continues to take reasonable steps to provide representative and accurate information but may not have conducted destructive testing or chemical analysis on incoming materials and chemicals. TI and TI suppliers consider certain information to be proprietary, and thus CAS numbers and other limited information may not be available for release.

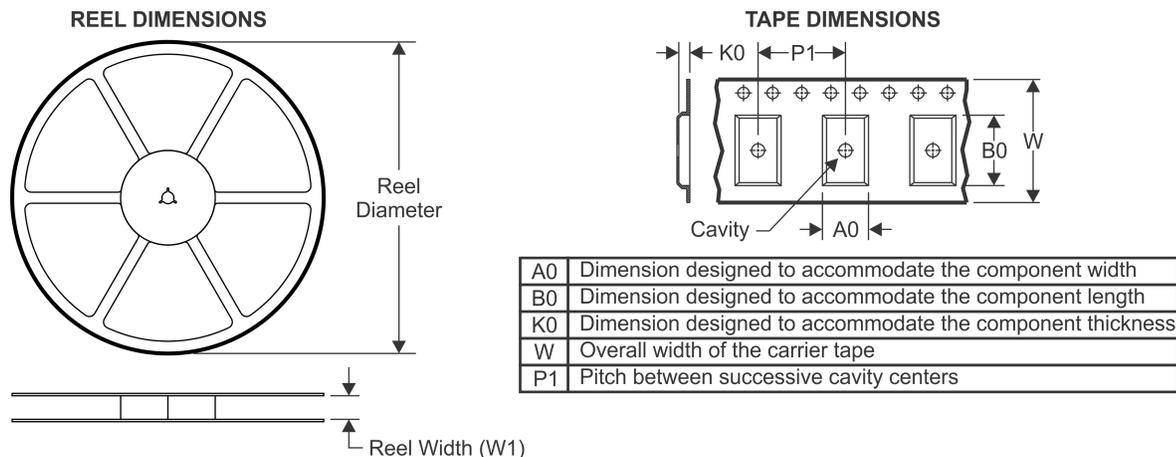
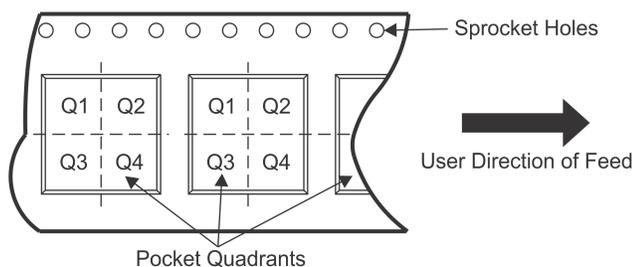
In no event shall TI's liability arising out of such information exceed the total purchase price of the TI part(s) at issue in this document sold by TI to Customer on an annual basis.

**OTHER QUALIFIED VERSIONS OF SN74HCS157-Q1 :**

- Catalog : [SN74HCS157](#)

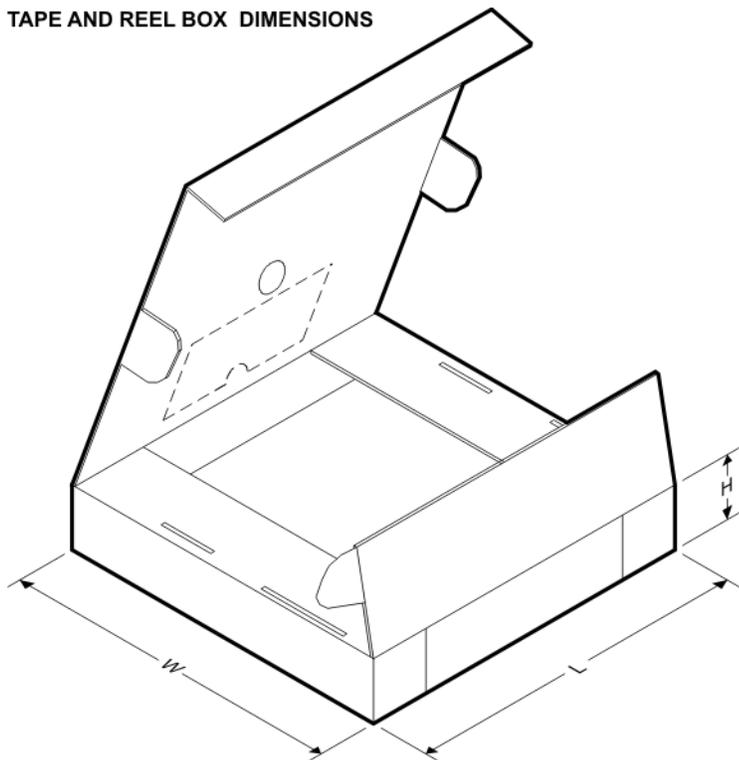
NOTE: Qualified Version Definitions:

- Catalog - TI's standard catalog product

**TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION**

**QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE**


\*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
SN74HCS157QDRQ1	SOIC	D	16	2500	330.0	16.4	6.5	10.3	2.1	8.0	16.0	Q1
SN74HCS157QPWRQ1	TSSOP	PW	16	2000	330.0	12.4	6.9	5.6	1.6	8.0	12.0	Q1
SN74HCS157QWBQBRQ1	WQFN	BQB	16	3000	180.0	12.4	2.8	3.8	1.2	4.0	12.0	Q1

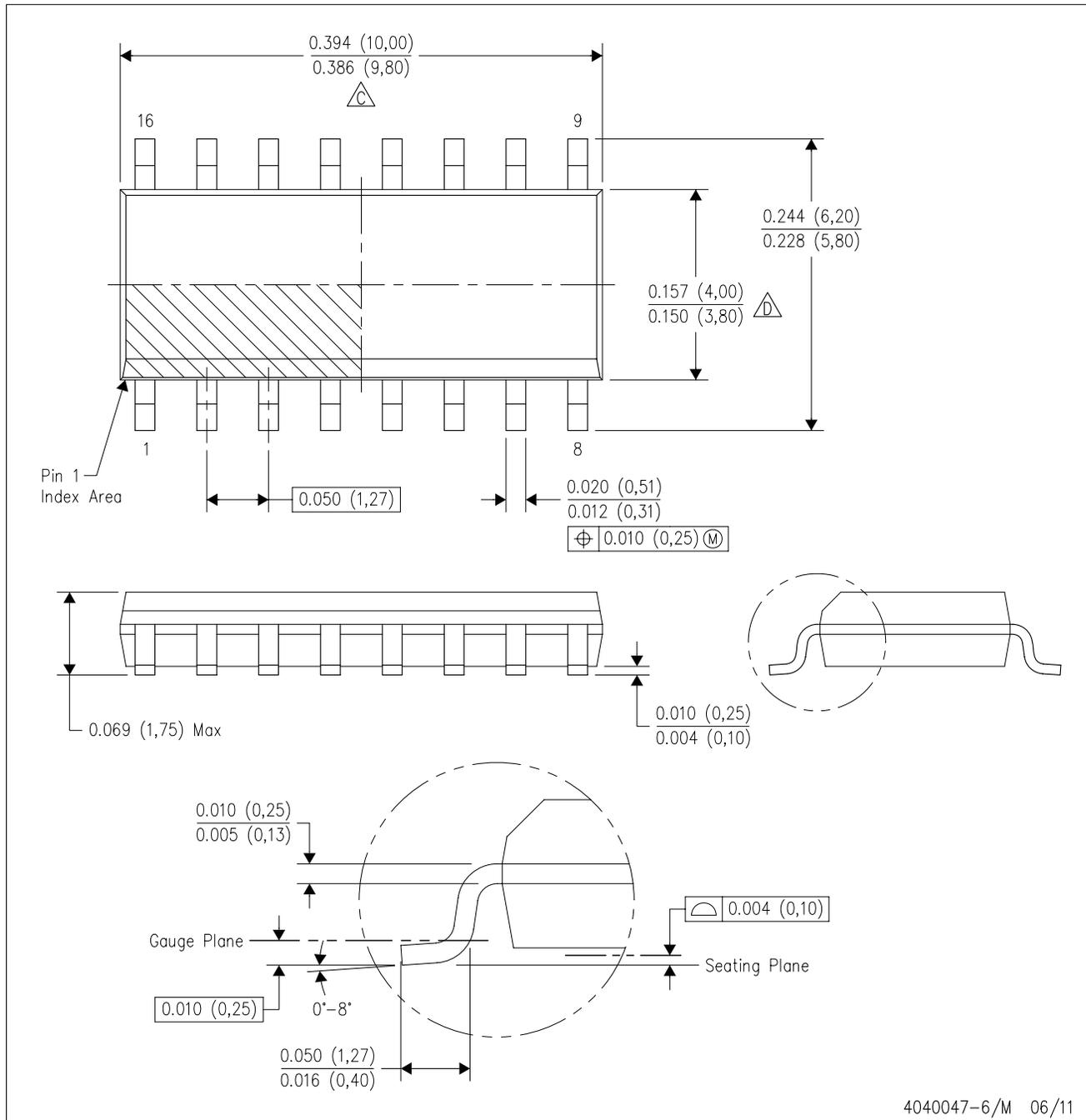
**TAPE AND REEL BOX DIMENSIONS**


\*All dimensions are nominal

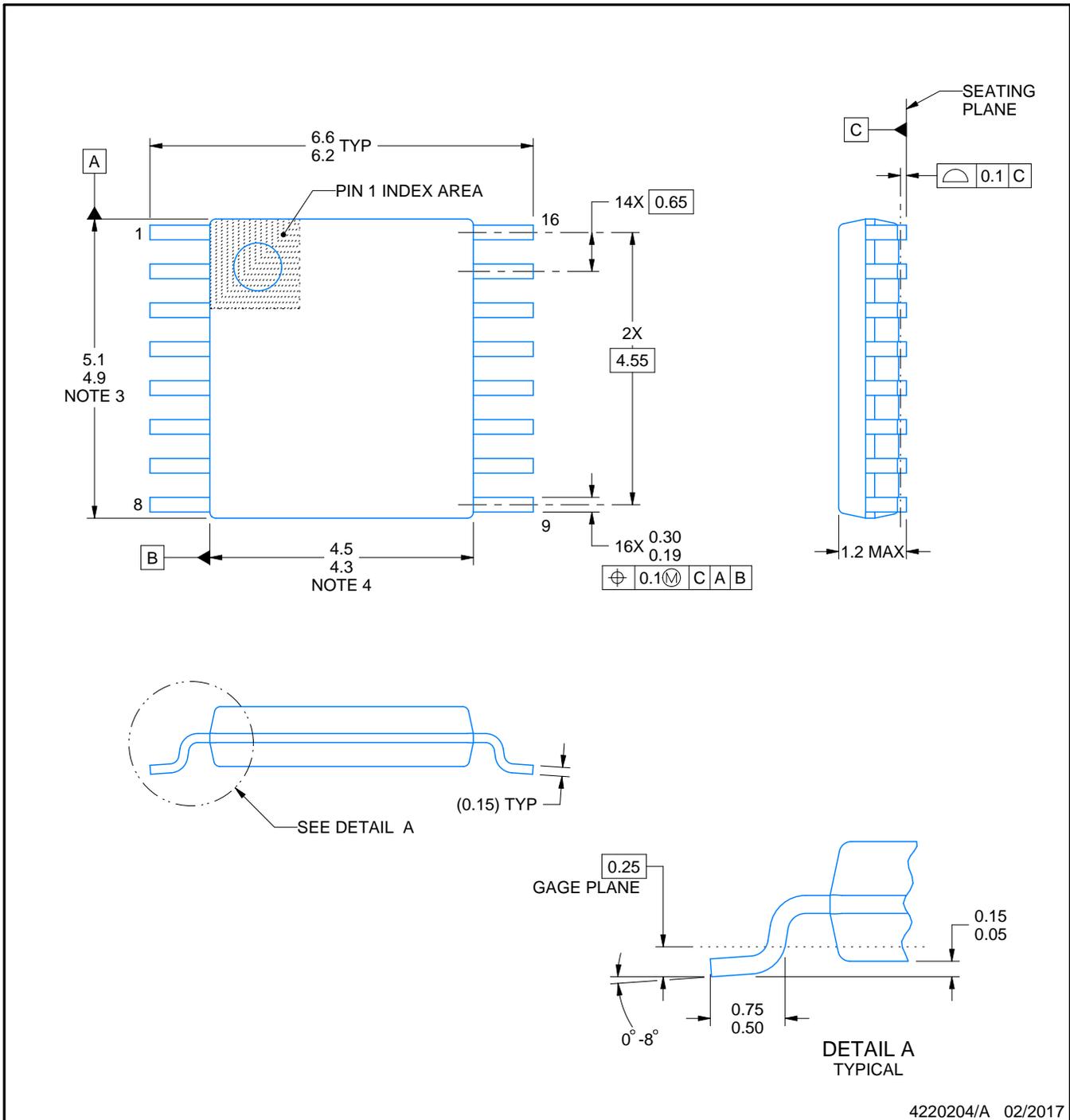
Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
SN74HCS157QDRQ1	SOIC	D	16	2500	853.0	449.0	35.0
SN74HCS157QPWRQ1	TSSOP	PW	16	2000	853.0	449.0	35.0
SN74HCS157QWBQRQ1	WQFN	BQB	16	3000	210.0	185.0	35.0

D (R-PDSO-G16)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



- NOTES:
- A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
  - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
  - C. Body length does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.006 (0,15) each side.
  - D. Body width does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.017 (0,43) each side.
  - E. Reference JEDEC MS-012 variation AC.



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NOTES:

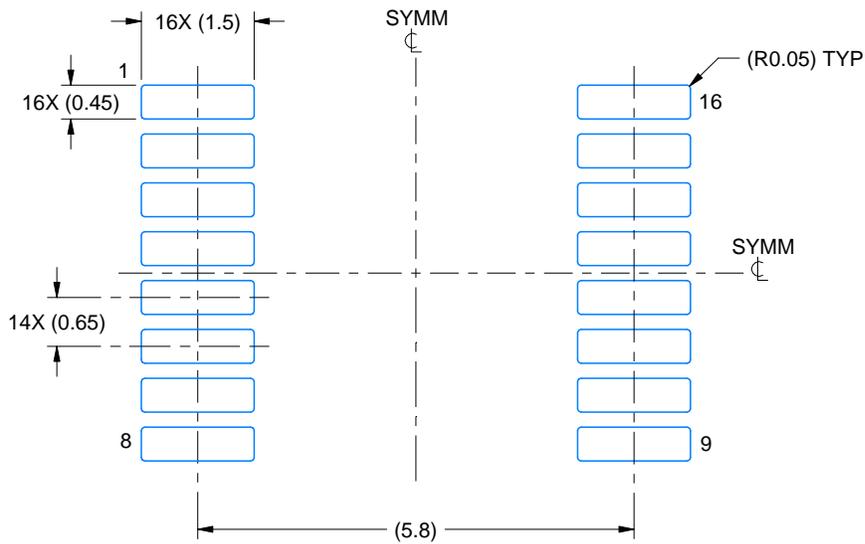
1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
3. This dimension does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.15 mm per side.
4. This dimension does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.25 mm per side.
5. Reference JEDEC registration MO-153.

# EXAMPLE BOARD LAYOUT

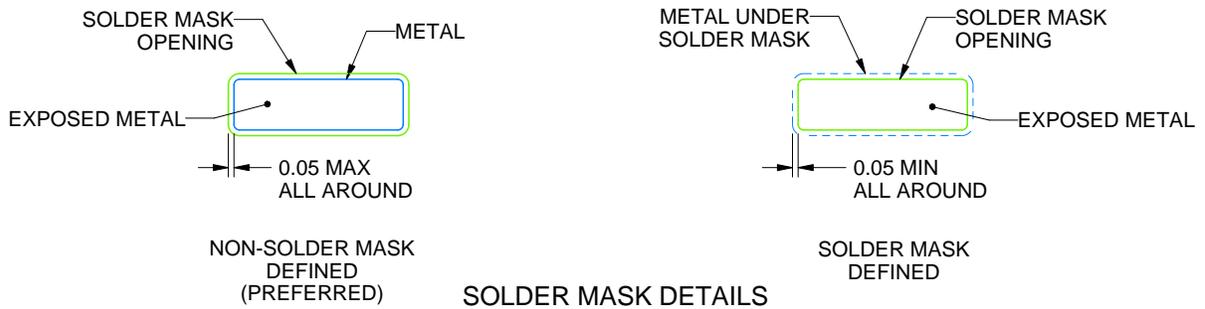
PW0016A

TSSOP - 1.2 mm max height

SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



LAND PATTERN EXAMPLE  
EXPOSED METAL SHOWN  
SCALE: 10X



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NOTES: (continued)

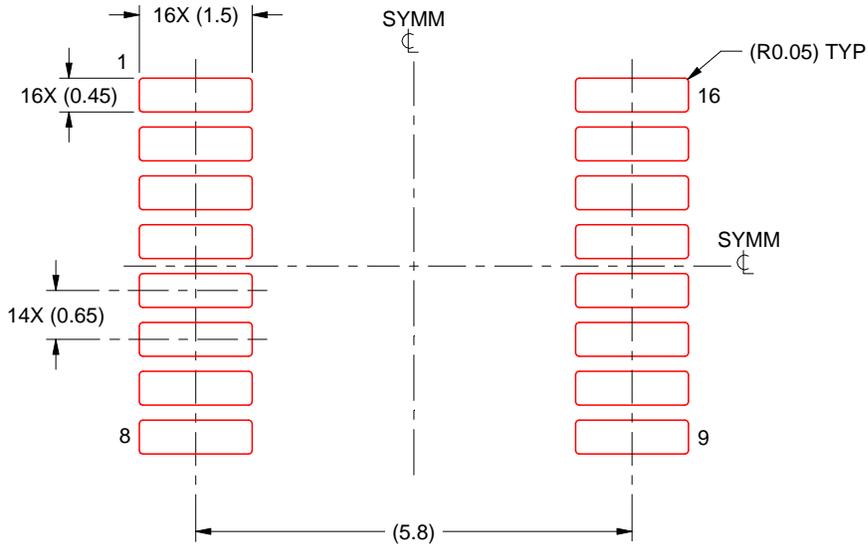
- 6. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.
- 7. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.

# EXAMPLE STENCIL DESIGN

PW0016A

TSSOP - 1.2 mm max height

SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



SOLDER PASTE EXAMPLE  
BASED ON 0.125 mm THICK STENCIL  
SCALE: 10X

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NOTES: (continued)

- 8. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
- 9. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.

## GENERIC PACKAGE VIEW

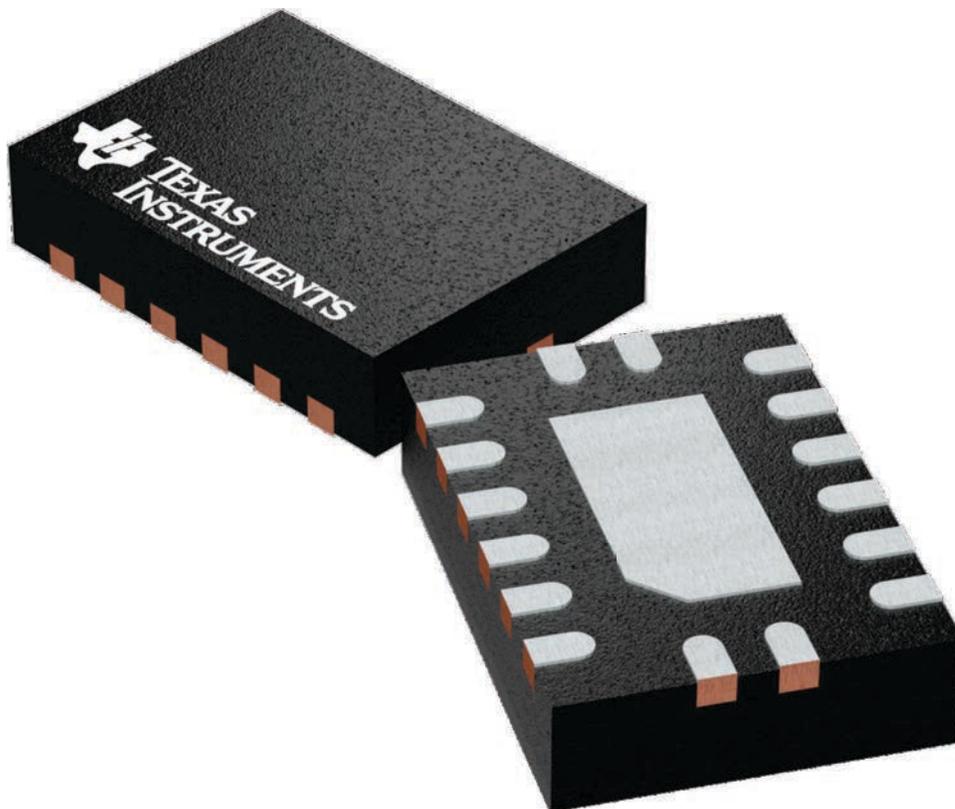
**BQB 16**

**WQFN - 0.8 mm max height**

2.5 x 3.5, 0.5 mm pitch

PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK - NO LEAD

This image is a representation of the package family, actual package may vary.  
Refer to the product data sheet for package details.



4226161/A







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