具有单使能端的 TS3USB221 高速 USB 2.0 (480Mbps) 1:2 多路复用器 – 多路信号分离器

1 特性

- V_{CC} 工作电压为 2.3 V 至 3.6 V
- $V_{I/O}$ 支持高达 5.5V 的信号
- 1.8V 兼容控制引脚输入
- $\overline{OE}$ 禁用时采用低功耗模式 (1μA)
- r_{ON} = 6Ω（最大值）
- Δr_{ON} = 0.2Ω（典型值）
- $C_{io(on)}$ = 6pF（最大值）
- 低功耗（最大值为 30uA）
- ESD > 2000V 人体放电模型 (HBM)
- 高带宽：1.1GHz（典型值）

2 应用

- 为 USB 1.0、1.1 和 2.0 路由信号
- 移动行业处理器接口 (MIPI™) 信号路由
- MHL 1.0

3 说明

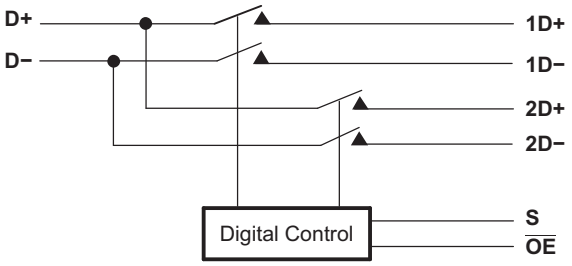
TS3USB221 是一款高带宽开关，专为电话和消费型应用（例如：手机、 数码相机、带集线器的笔记本电脑或带电流限制的 USB I/O）中的高速 USB 2.0 信号的转换而设计。此开关具有较宽的带宽 (1.1GHz)，这一特性使得信号传递具有最少的边缘失真和相位失真。该器件将 USB 主机器件差动输出复用到一个相应的输出（共两个输出）。此开关为双向开关，输出端高速信号具有极少或零衰减。TS3USB221 能实现低位间偏移和高通道间噪声隔离。TS3USB221 同样能够兼容各种标准，例如高速 USB 2.0 (480Mbps)。

器件信息(1)

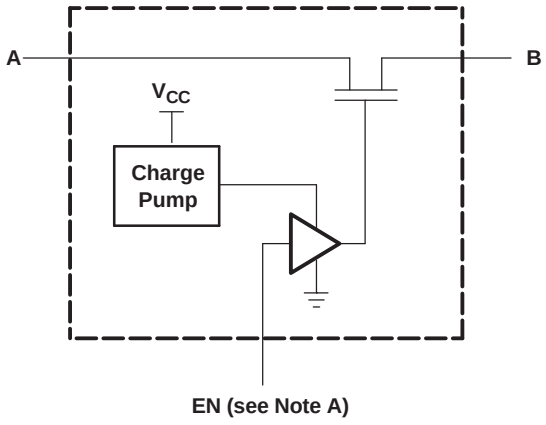
器件型号	封装	封装尺寸（标称值）
TS3USB221	VSON (10)	3.00mm × 3.00mm
	UQFN (10)	1.50mm × 2.00mm

(1) 如需了解所有可用封装，请参阅数据表末尾的可订购产品附录。

框图



每个 **FET** 开关 **(SW)** 的简化原理图)



A. EN 是应用于开关的内部启用信号。

本文档旨在为方便起见，提供有关 TI 产品中文版本的信息，以确认产品的概要。 有关适用的官方英文版本的最新信息，请访问 www.ti.com，其内容始终优先。 TI 不保证翻译的准确性和有效性。 在实际设计之前，请务必参考最新版本的英文版本。

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4 修订历史记录

注：之前版本的页码可能与当前版本有所不同。

Changes from Revision I (January 2016) to Revision J **Page**

- Added CDM value and table notes to the *ESD Ratings* ... 4

Changes from Revision H (February 2015) to Revision I **Page**

- Changed V_{IH} Max from 5.5 to V_{CC} in *Recommended Operating Conditions* table ... 4

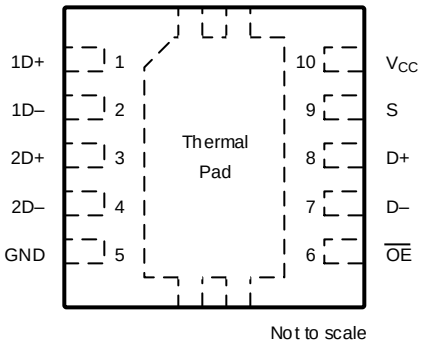
Changes from Revision G (September 2010) to Revision H **Page**

- 已更改 将特性的 第一项 从“V_{CC} 工作电压为 2.5 V 至 3.3 V”改为“V_{CC} 工作电压为 2.3 V 和 3.6 V” ... 1
- 已添加 *引脚配置和功能* 部分、*ESD 额定值* 表、*特性* *说明* 部分、*器件功能模式*、*应用和实施* 部分、*电源相关建议* 部分、*布局* 部分、*器件和文档支持* 部分以及*机械、封装和可订购信息* 部分 ... 1
- 删除了*订购信息* 表 ... 1

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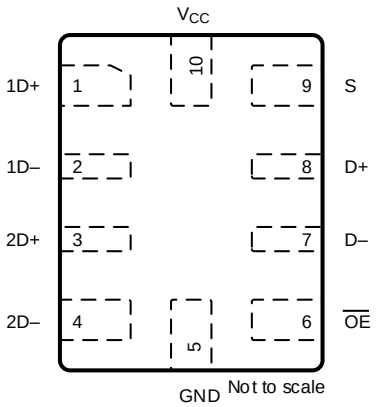
5 Pin Configuration and Functions

DRC Package
10-Pin VSON
(Top View)



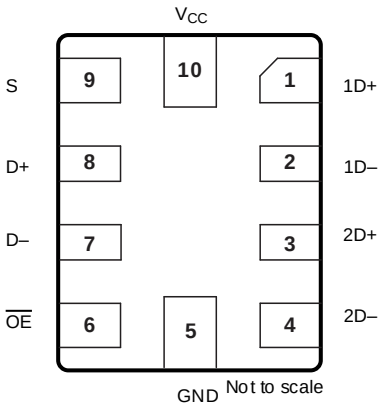
Not to scale

RSE Package
10-Pin UQFN
(Top View)



Not to scale

RSE Package
10-Pin UQFB
(Bottom View)



Not to scale

Pin Functions

PIN		I/O	DESCRIPTION
NAME	NO.		
1D+	1	I/O	USB port 1
1D–	2	I/O	
2D+	3	I/O	USB port 2
2D–	4	I/O	
GND	5	—	Ground
$\overline{OE}$	6	I	Bus-switch enable
D–	7	I/O	Common USB port
D+	8	I/O	
S	9	I	Select input
V_{CC}	10	—	Supply voltage

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6 Specifications

6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)(1)

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
V_{CC}	Supply voltage		–0.5	4.6	V
V_{IN}	Control input voltage(2) (3)		–0.5	7	V
$V_{I/O}$	Switch I/O voltage(2) (3) (4)		–0.5	7	V
I_{IK}	Control input clamp current	V_{IN} < 0		–50	mA
$I_{I/OK}$	I/O port clamp current	$V_{I/O}$ < 0		–50	mA
$I_{I/O}$	ON-state switch current(5)			±120	mA
	Continuous current through V_{CC} or GND			±100	mA
T_{stg}	Storage temperature		–65	150	°C

(1) Stresses beyond those listed under *Absolute Maximum Ratings* may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under *Recommended Operating Conditions* is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
(2) All voltages are with respect to ground, unless otherwise specified.
(3) The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output clamp-current ratings are observed.
(4) V_I and V_O are used to denote specific conditions for $V_{I/O}$.
(5) I_I and I_O are used to denote specific conditions for $I_{I/O}$.

6.2 ESD Ratings

			VALUE	UNIT
$V_{(ESD)}$	Electrostatic discharge	Human-body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 (1)	±2000	V
		Charged-device model (CDM), per JEDEC specification JESD22-C101 (2)	±1500	V

(1) JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.
(2) JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250-V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

6.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

See (1).

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
V_{CC}	Supply voltage		2.3	3.6	V
V_{IH}	High-level control input voltage	V_{CC} = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	0.46 × V_{CC}	V_{CC}	V
		V_{CC} = 2.7 V to 3.6 V			
V_{IL}	Low-level control input voltage	V_{CC} = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	0	0.25 × V_{CC}	V
		V_{CC} = 2.7 V to 3.6 V			
$V_{I/O}$	Data input/output voltage		0	5.5	V
T_A	Operating free-air temperature		–40	85	°C

(1) All unused control inputs of the device must be held at V_{CC} or GND to ensure proper device operation. Refer to the TI application report, *Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs*, literature number SCBA004.

6.4 Thermal Information

THERMAL METRIC(1)		TS3USB221		UNIT
		DRC (VSON)	RSE (UQFN)	
		10 PINS	10 PINS	
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	57.7	169.8	°C/W
$R_{\theta JC(top)}$	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	87.7	84.7	
$R_{\theta JB}$	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	32.6	94.9	
ψ_{JT}	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	8.2	5.7	
ψ_{JB}	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	32.8	94.9	
$R_{\theta JC(bot)}$	Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance	18.5	N/A	

(1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the *Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics* application report.

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6.5 Electrical Characteristics

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)(1)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS			MIN	TYP(2)	MAX	UNIT
V_{IK}		V_{CC} = 3.6 V, 2.7 V,	I_I = –18 mA				–1.8	V
I_{IN}	Control inputs	V_{CC} = 3.6 V, 2.7 V, 0 V,	V_{IN} = 0 V to 3.6 V				±1	μA
I_{OZ} (3)		V_{CC} = 3.6 V, 2.7 V, V_O = 0 V to 3.6 V, V_I = 0 V,	V_{IN} = V_{CC} or GND, Switch OFF				±1	μA
I_{OFF}		V_{CC} = 0 V	$V_{I/O}$ = 0 V to 3.6 V				±2	μA
			$V_{I/O}$ = 0 V to 2.7 V				±1	
I_{CC}		V_{CC} = 3.6 V, 2.7 V, V_{IN} = V_{CC} or GND,	$I_{I/O}$ = 0 V, Switch ON or OFF				30	μA
I_{CC} (low power mode)		V_{CC} = 3.6 V, 2.7 V, V_{IN} = V_{CC} or GND	Switch disabled ($\overline{OE}$ in high state)				1	μA
ΔI_{CC} (4)	Control inputs	One input at 1.8 V, Other inputs at V_{CC} or GND	V_{CC} = 3.6 V				20	μA
			V_{CC} = 2.7 V				0.5	
C_{in}	Control inputs	V_{CC} = 3.3 V, 2.5 V,	V_{IN} = 3.3 V or 0 V			1	2	pF
$C_{io(OFF)}$		V_{CC} = 3.3 V, 2.5 V,	$V_{I/O}$ = 3.3 V or 0 V,	Switch OFF		3	4	pF
$C_{io(ON)}$		V_{CC} = 3.3 V, 2.5 V,	$V_{I/O}$ = 3.3 V or 0 V,	Switch ON		5	6	pF
r_{on} (5)		V_{CC} = 3 V, 2.3 V	V_I = 0 V,	I_O = 30 mA			6	Ω
			V_I = 2.4 V,	I_O = –15 mA			6	
Δr_{on}		V_{CC} = 3 V, 2.3 V	V_I = 0 V,	I_O = 30 mA		0.2		Ω
			V_I = 1.7,	I_O = –15 mA		0.2		
$r_{on(flat)}$		V_{CC} = 3 V, 2.3 V	V_I = 0 V,	I_O = 30 mA		1		Ω
			V_I = 1.7,	I_O = –15 mA		1		

(1) V_{IN} and I_{IN} refer to control inputs. V_I, V_O, I_I, and I_O refer to data pins.
(2) All typical values are at V_{CC} = 3.3 V (unless otherwise noted), T_A = 25°C.
(3) For I/O ports, the parameter I_{OZ} includes the input leakage current.
(4) This is the increase in supply current for each input that is at the specified TTL voltage level, rather than V_{CC} or GND.
(5) Measured by the voltage drop between the A and B terminals at the indicated current through the switch. ON-state resistance is determined by the lower of the voltages of the two (A or B) terminals.

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6.6 Dynamic Electrical Characteristics, V_{CC} = 3.3 V ± 10%

over operating range, T_A = –40°C to 85°C, V_{CC} = 3.3 V ± 10%, GND = 0 V

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	TYP(1)	UNIT
X_{TALK}	Crosstalk	R_L = 50 Ω, f = 250 MHz	–40	dB
O_{IRR}	OFF isolation	R_L = 50 Ω, f = 250 MHz	–41	dB
BW	Bandwidth (–3 dB)	R_L = 50 Ω	1.1	GHz

(1) For Maximum or Minimum conditions, use the appropriate value specified under *Electrical Characteristics* for the applicable device type.

6.7 Dynamic Electrical Characteristics, V_{CC} = 2.5 V ± 10%

over operating range, T_A = –40°C to 85°C, V_{CC} = 2.5 V ± 10%, GND = 0 V

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	TYP(1)	UNIT
X_{TALK}	Crosstalk	R_L = 50 Ω, f = 250 MHz	–39	dB
O_{IRR}	OFF isolation	R_L = 50 Ω, f = 250 MHz	–40	dB
BW	Bandwidth (–3 dB)	R_L = 50 Ω	1.1	GHz

(1) For Maximum or Minimum conditions, use the appropriate value specified under *Electrical Characteristics* for the applicable device type.

6.8 Switching Characteristics, V_{CC} = 3.3 V ± 10%

over operating range, T_A = –40°C to 85°C, V_{CC} = 3.3 V ± 10%, GND = 0 V

PARAMETER			MIN	TYP(1)	MAX	UNIT
t_{pd}	Propagation delay(2) (3)			0.25		ns
t_{ON}	Line enable time	S to D, nD			30	ns
		$\overline{OE}$ to D, nD			17	
t_{OFF}	Line disable time	S to D, nD			12	ns
		$\overline{OE}$ to D, nD			10	
$t_{SK(O)}$	Output skew between center port to any other port(2)			0.1	0.2	ns
$t_{SK(P)}$	Skew between opposite transitions of the same output (t_{PHL} – t_{PLH})(2)			0.1	0.2	ns

(1) For Maximum or Minimum conditions, use the appropriate value specified under *Electrical Characteristics* for the applicable device type.
(2) Specified by design
(3) The bus switch contributes no propagational delay other than the RC delay of the on resistance of the switch and the load capacitance. The time constant for the switch alone is of the order of 0.25 ns for 10-pF load. This time constant adds very little propagational delay to the system because it is much smaller than the rise/fall times of typical driving signals. Propagational delay of the bus switch, when used in a system, is determined by the driving circuit on the driving side of the switch and its interactions with the load on the driven side.

6.9 Switching Characteristics, V_{CC} = 2.5 V ± 10%

over operating range, T_A = –40°C to 85°C, V_{CC} = 2.5 V ± 10%, GND = 0 V

PARAMETER			MIN	TYP(1)	MAX	UNIT
t_{pd}	Propagation delay(2) (3)			0.25		ns
t_{ON}	Line enable time	S to D, nD			50	ns
		$\overline{OE}$ to D, nD			32	
t_{OFF}	Line disable time	S to D, nD			23	ns
		$\overline{OE}$ to D, nD			12	
$t_{SK(O)}$	Output skew between center port to any other port(2)			0.1	0.2	ns
$t_{SK(P)}$	Skew between opposite transitions of the same output (t_{PHL} – t_{PLH})(2)			0.1	0.2	ns

(1) For Maximum or Minimum conditions, use the appropriate value specified under *Electrical Characteristics* for the applicable device type.
(2) Specified by design
(3) The bus switch contributes no propagational delay other than the RC delay of the on resistance of the switch and the load capacitance. The time constant for the switch alone is of the order of 0.25 ns for 10-pF load. The time constraint adds very little propagational delay to the system because it is much smaller than the rise and fall times of typical driving signals. Propagational delay of the bus switch, when used in a system, is determined by the driving circuit on the driving side of the switch and its interactions with the load on the driven side.

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6.10 Typical Characteristics

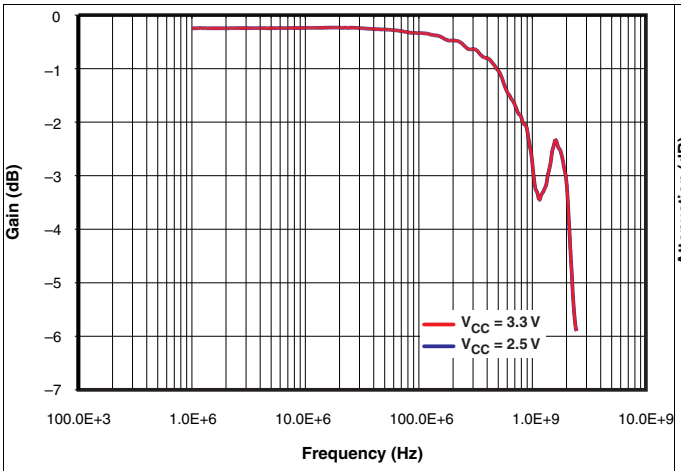


Figure 1. Gain vs Frequency

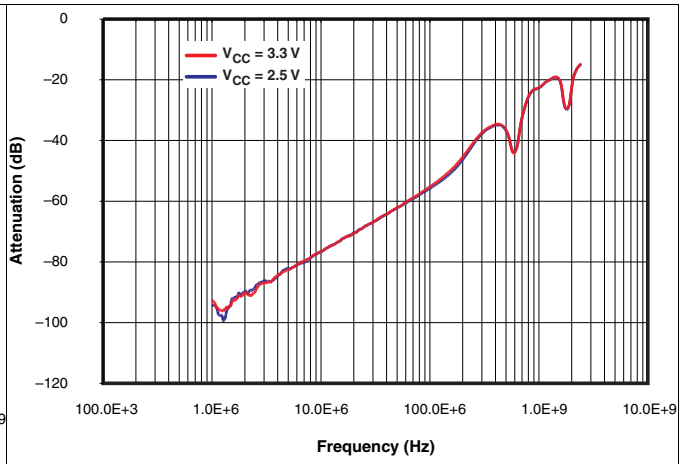


Figure 2. OFF Isolation vs Frequency

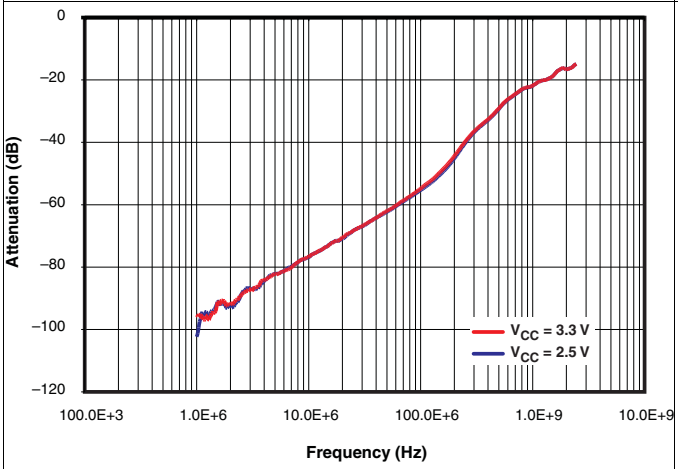


Figure 3. Crosstalk vs Frequency

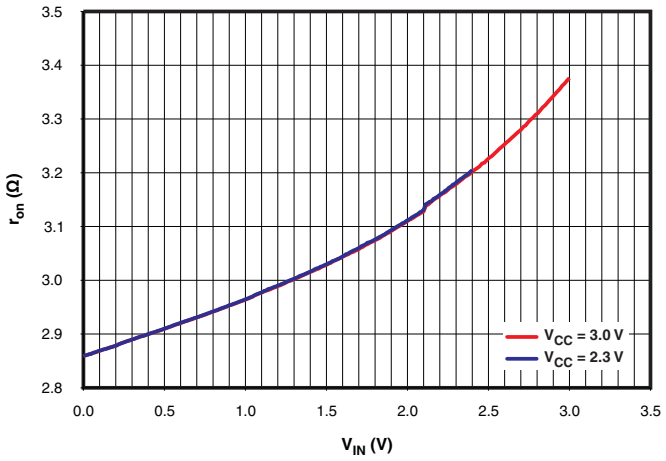


Figure 4. r_{on} vs V_{IN} (I_{OUT} = –15 mA)

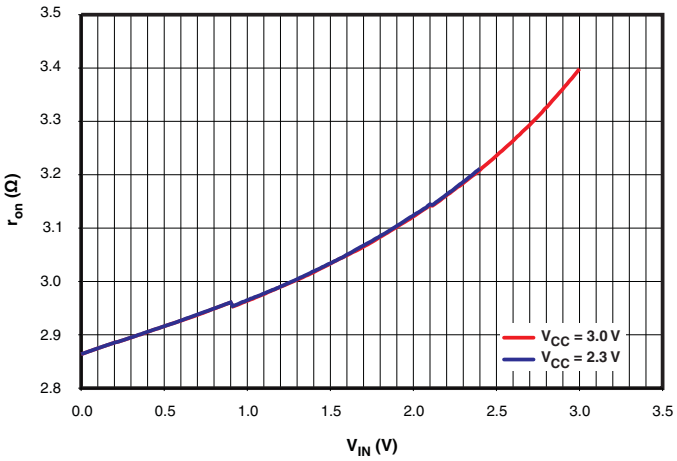
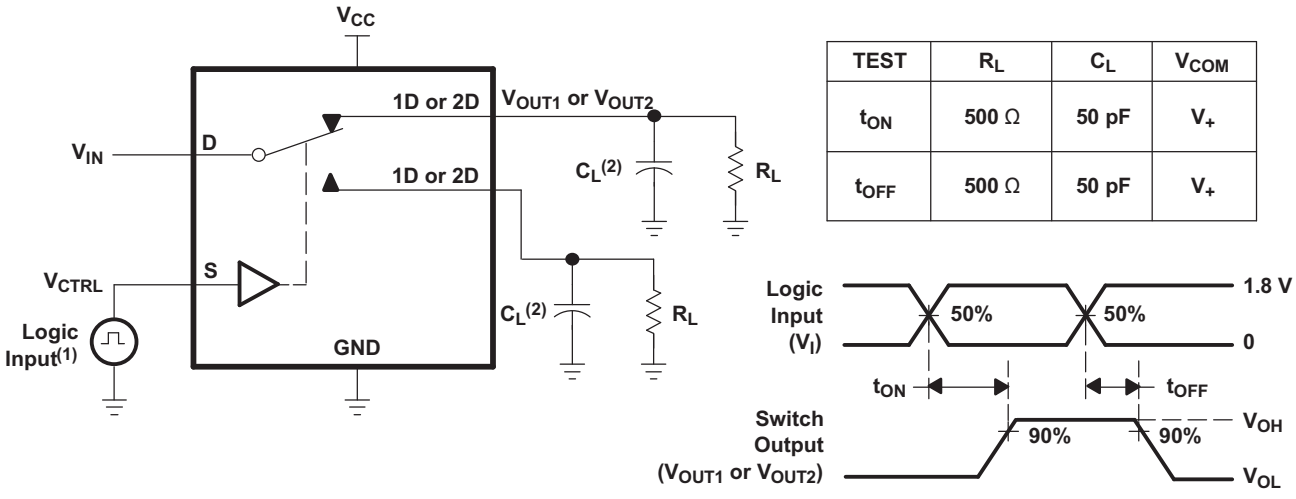


Figure 5. r_{on} vs V_{IN} (I_{OUT} = –30 mA)

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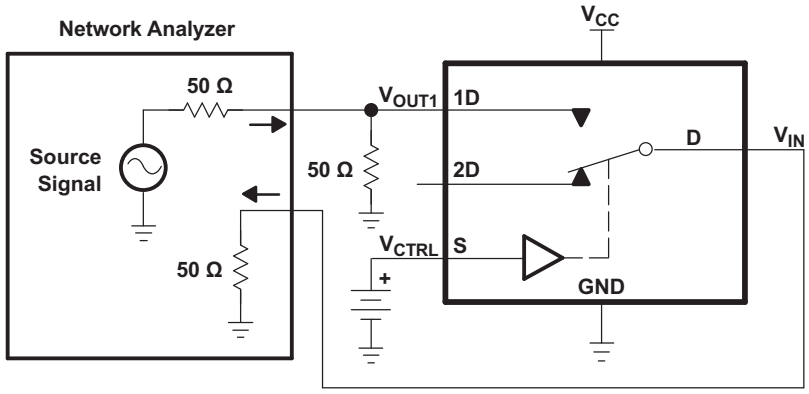
7 Parameter Measurement Information



TEST	R_L	C_L	V_{COM}
t_{ON}	500 Ω	50 pF	V_+
t_{OFF}	500 Ω	50 pF	V_+

(1) All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR≤ 10 MHz, Z_O = 50 Ω, t_r < 5 ns, t_f < 5 ns.
(2) C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.

Figure 6. Turnon (t_{ON}) and Turnoff Time (t_{OFF})

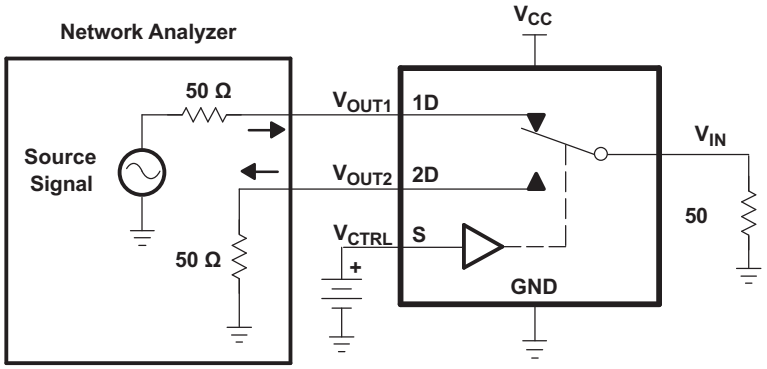


Channel OFF: 1D to D
V_{CTRL} = V_{CC} or GND

Network Analyzer Setup

Source Power = 0 dBm (632-mV P-P at 50-Ω load)
DC Bias = 350 mV

Figure 7. OFF Isolation (O_{ISO})



Channel ON: 1D to D
Channel OFF: 2D to D
V_{CTRL} = V_{CC} or GND

Network Analyzer Setup

Source Power = 0 dBm (632-mV P-P at 50-Ω load)
DC Bias = 350 mV

Figure 8. Crosstalk (X_{TALK})

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Parameter Measurement Information (continued)

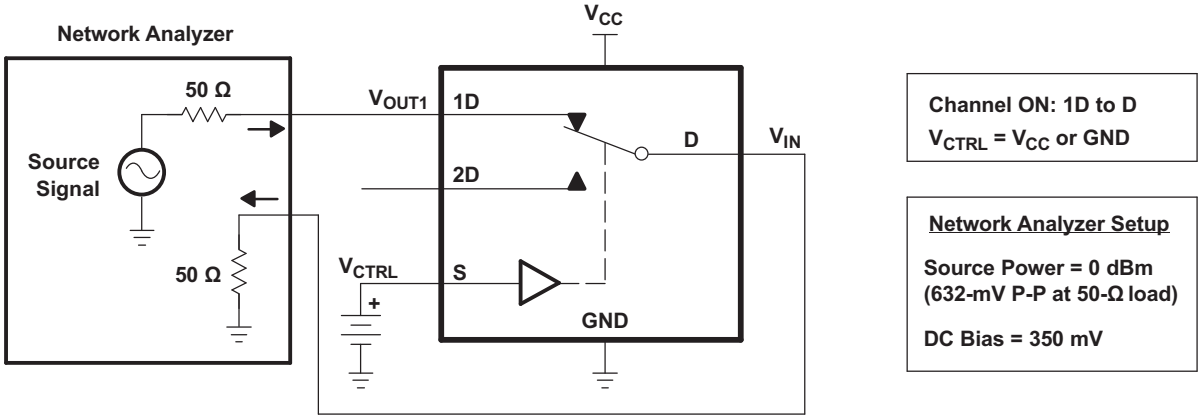


Figure 9. Bandwidth (BW)

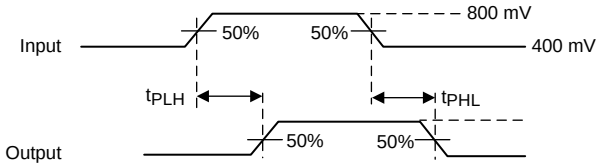


Figure 10. Propagation Delay

Parameter Measurement Information (continued)

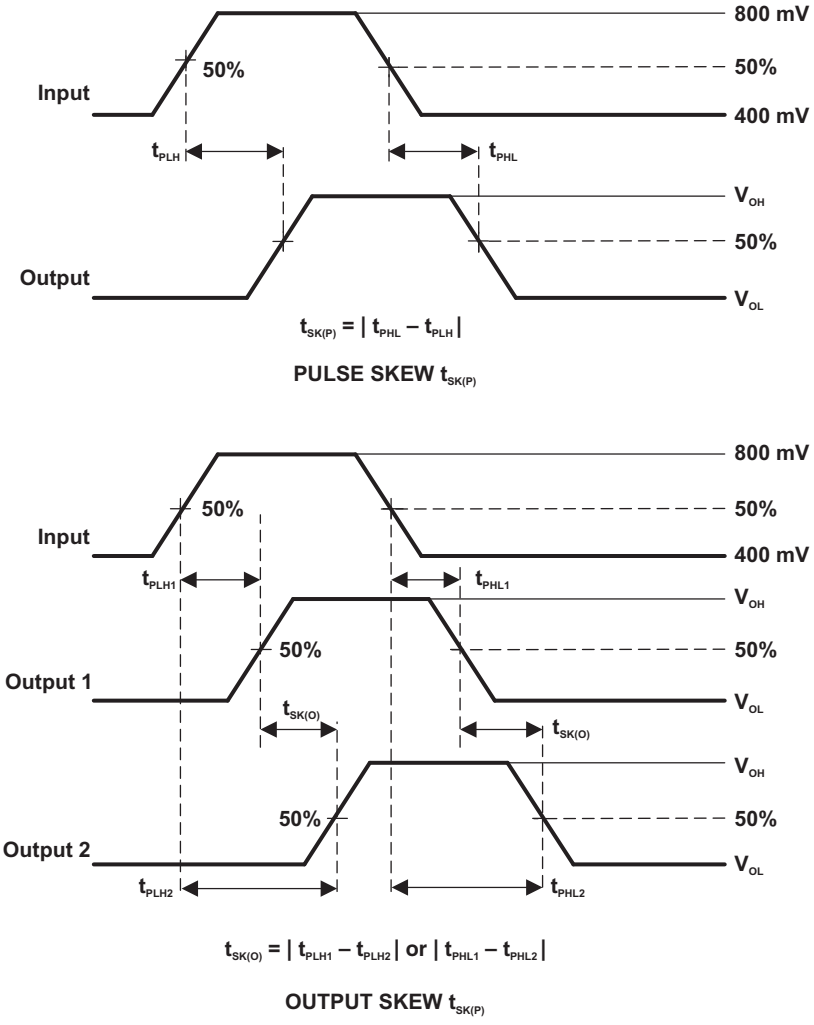


Figure 11. Skew Test

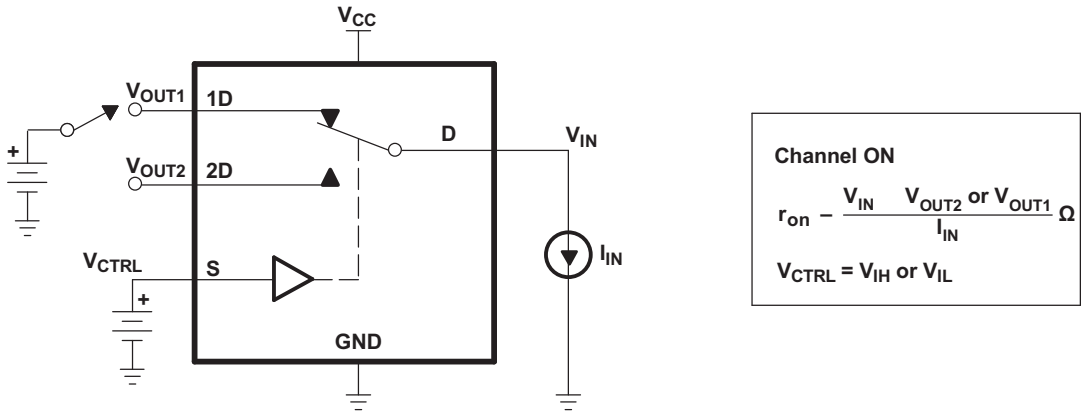


Figure 12. ON-State Resistance (r_{on})

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Parameter Measurement Information (continued)

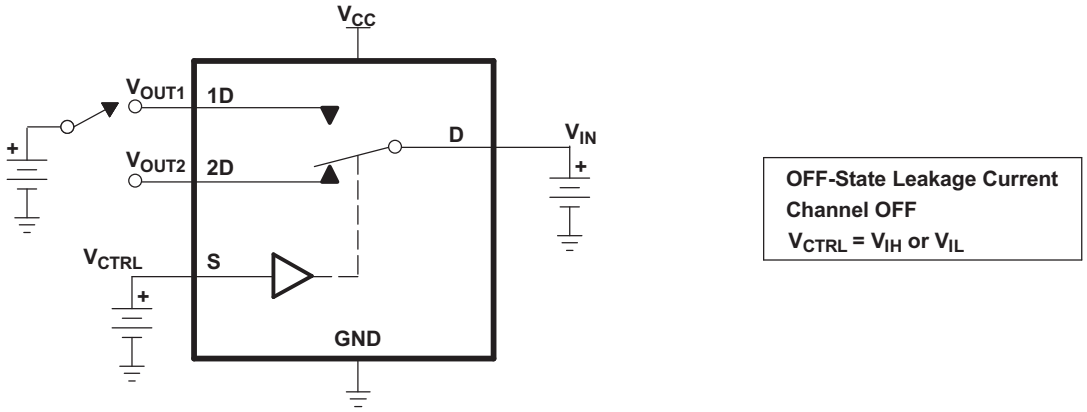


Figure 13. OFF-State Leakage Current

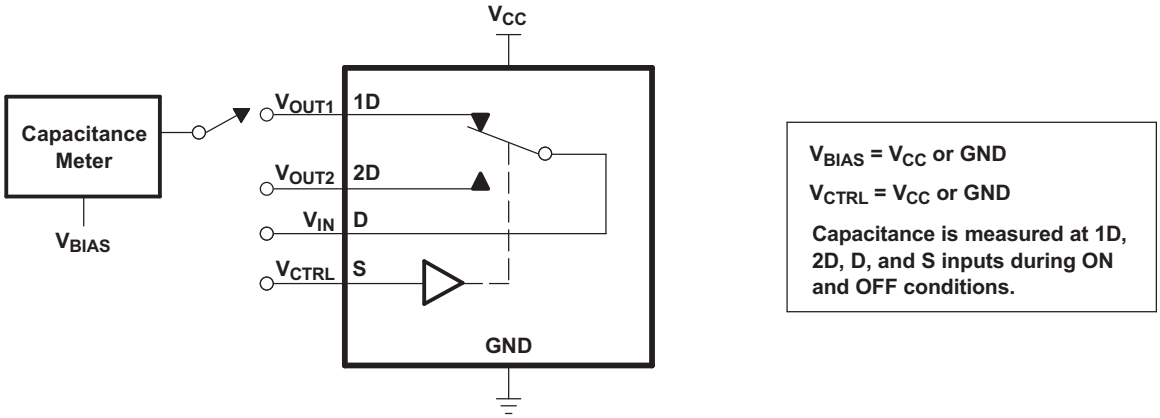


Figure 14. Capacitance

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8 Detailed Description

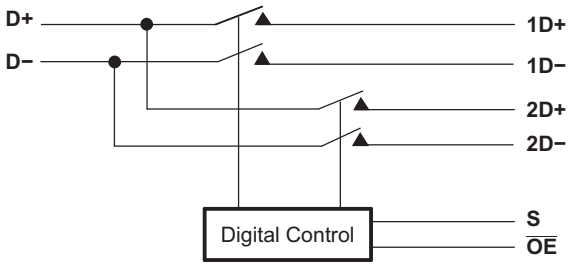
8.1 Overview

The TS3USB221 device is a 2-channel SPDT switch specially designed for the switching of high-speed USB 2.0 signals in handset and consumer applications, such as cell phones, digital cameras, and notebooks with hubs or controllers with limited USB I/Os. The wide bandwidth (1.1 GHz) of this switch allows signals to pass with minimum edge and phase distortion. The device multiplexes differential outputs from a USB host device to one of two corresponding outputs. The switch is bidirectional and offers little or no attenuation of the high-speed signals at the outputs. The device also has a low power mode that reduces the power consumption to 1 μA for portable applications with a battery or limited power budget.

The device is designed for low bit-to-bit skew and high channel-to-channel noise isolation, and is compatible with various standards, such as high-speed USB 2.0 (480 Mbps).

The TS3USB221 device integrates ESD protection cells on all pins, is available in a tiny μQFN package (2 mm × 1.5 mm) and is characterized over the free-air temperature range from –40°C to 85°C.

8.2 Functional Block Diagram



8.3 Feature Description

8.3.1 Low Power Mode

The TS3USB221 has a low power mode that reduces the power consumption to 1 μA when the device is not in use. The bus-switch enable pin $\overline{OE}$ must be supplied with a logic high signal to put the device in low power mode and disable the switch.

8.4 Device Functional Modes

Table 1. Truth Table

S	$\overline{OE}$	FUNCTION
X	H	Disconnect
L	L	D = 1D
H	L	D = 2D

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9 Application and Implementation

NOTE

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes. Customers should validate and test their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

9.1 Application Information

There are many USB applications in which the USB hubs or controllers have a limited number of USB I/Os. The TS3USB221 solution can effectively expand the limited USB I/Os by switching between multiple USB buses in order to interface them to a single USB hub or controller. TS3USB221 can also be used to connect a single controller to two USB connectors.

9.2 Typical Application

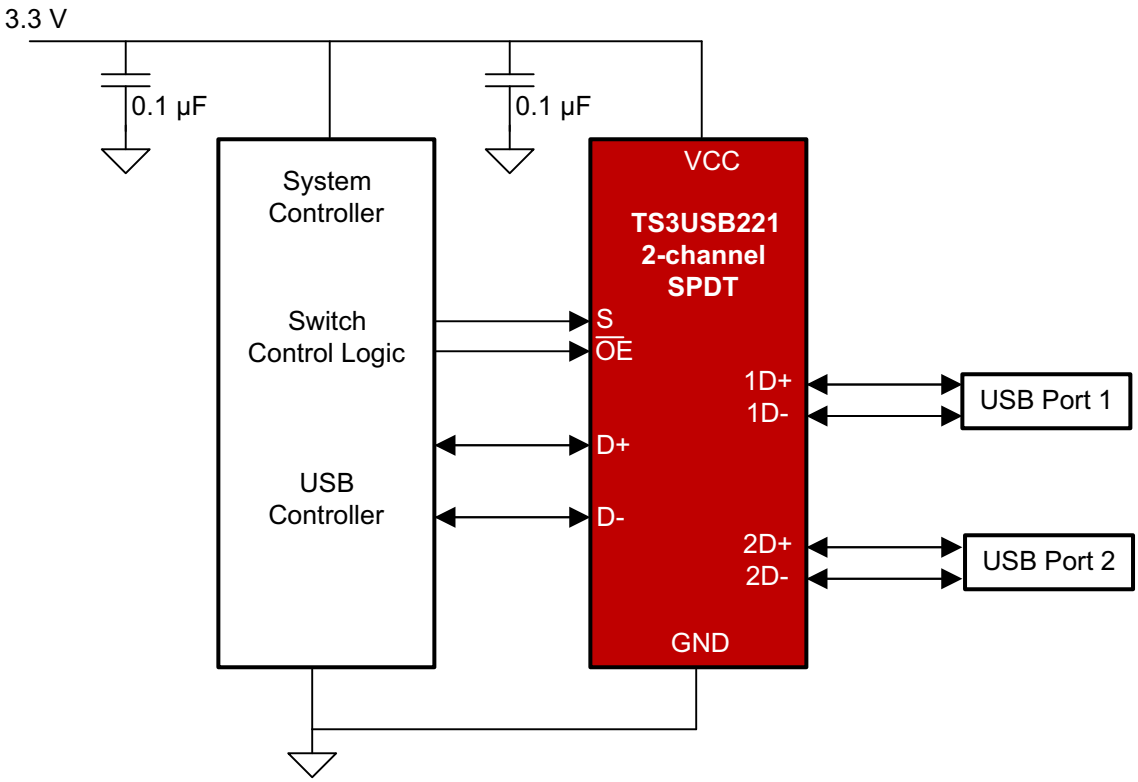


Figure 15. Simplified Schematic

9.2.1 Design Requirements

Design requirements of the USB 1.0, 1.1, and 2.0 standards should be followed.

TI recommends that the digital control pins S and $\overline{OE}$ be pulled up to V_{CC} or down to GND to avoid undesired switch positions that could result from the floating pin.

9.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

The TS3USB221 may be properly operated without any external components. However, it is recommended that unused pins be connected to ground through a 50-Ω resistor to prevent signal reflections back into the device.

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Typical Application (continued)

9.2.3 Application Curves

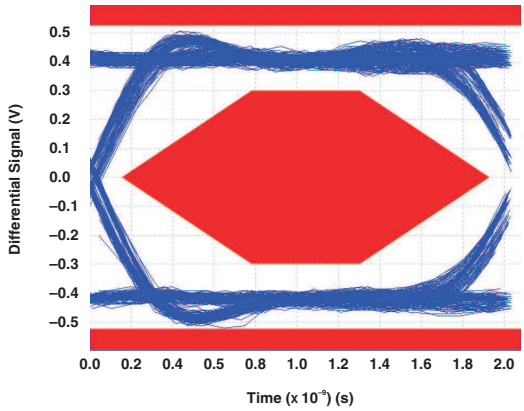


Figure 16. Eye Pattern: 480-Mbps USB Signal With No Switch (Through Path)

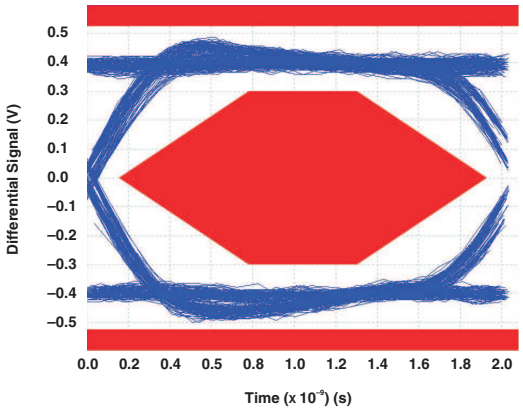


Figure 17. Eye Pattern: 480-Mbps USB Signal With Switch NC Path

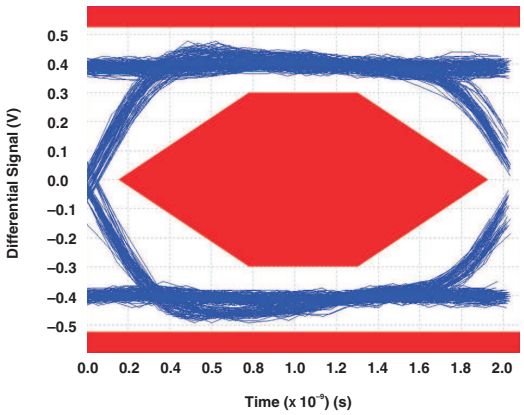


Figure 18. Eye Pattern: 480-Mbps USB Signal With Switch NO Path

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10 Power Supply Recommendations

Power to the device is supplied through the V_{CC} pin and should follow the USB 1.0, 1.1, and 2.0 standards. TI recommends placing a bypass capacitor as close as possible to the supply pin V_{CC} to help smooth out lower frequency noise to provide better load regulation across the frequency spectrum.

11 Layout

11.1 Layout Guidelines

Place supply bypass capacitors as close to V_{CC} pin as possible. Avoid placing the bypass caps near the D+/D– traces.

The high-speed D+/D– traces should always be matched lengths and must be no more than 4 inches, otherwise the eye diagram performance may be degraded. A high-speed USB connection is made through a shielded, twisted pair cable with a differential characteristic impedance. In the layout, the impedance of D+ and D– traces should match the cable characteristic differential impedance for optimal performance.

Route the high-speed USB signals using a minimum of vias and corners which will reduce signal reflections and impedance changes. When a via must be used, increase the clearance size around it to minimize its capacitance. Each via introduces discontinuities in the signal's transmission line and increases the chance of picking up interference from the other layers of the board. Be careful when designing test points on twisted pair lines; through-hole pins are not recommended.

When it becomes necessary to turn 90°, use two 45° turns or an arc instead of making a single 90° turn. This reduces reflections on the signal traces by minimizing impedance discontinuities.

Do not route USB traces under or near crystals, oscillators, clock signal generators, switching regulators, mounting holes, magnetic devices or IC's that use or duplicate clock signals.

Avoid stubs on the high-speed USB signals because they cause signal reflections. If a stub is unavoidable, then the stub should be less than 200 mm.

Route all high-speed USB signal traces over continuous planes (V_{CC} or GND), with no interruptions.

Avoid crossing over anti-etch, commonly found with plane splits.

A printed circuit board with at least four layers is recommended because of high frequencies associated with the USB; two signal layers separated by a ground and power layer as shown in Figure 19.

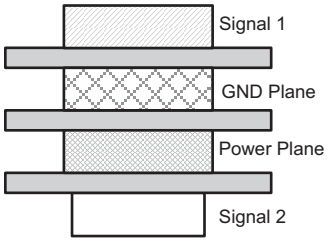


Figure 19. Four-Layer Board Stack-Up

The majority of signal traces should run on a single layer, preferably Signal 1. Immediately next to this layer should be the GND plane, which is solid with no cuts. Avoid running signal traces across a split in the ground or power plane. When running across split planes is unavoidable, sufficient decoupling must be used. Minimizing the number of signal vias reduces EMI by reducing inductance at high frequencies. For more information on layout guidelines, see *High Speed Layout Guidelines* (SCAA082) and *USB 2.0 Board Design and Layout Guidelines* (SPRAAR7).

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11.2 Layout Example

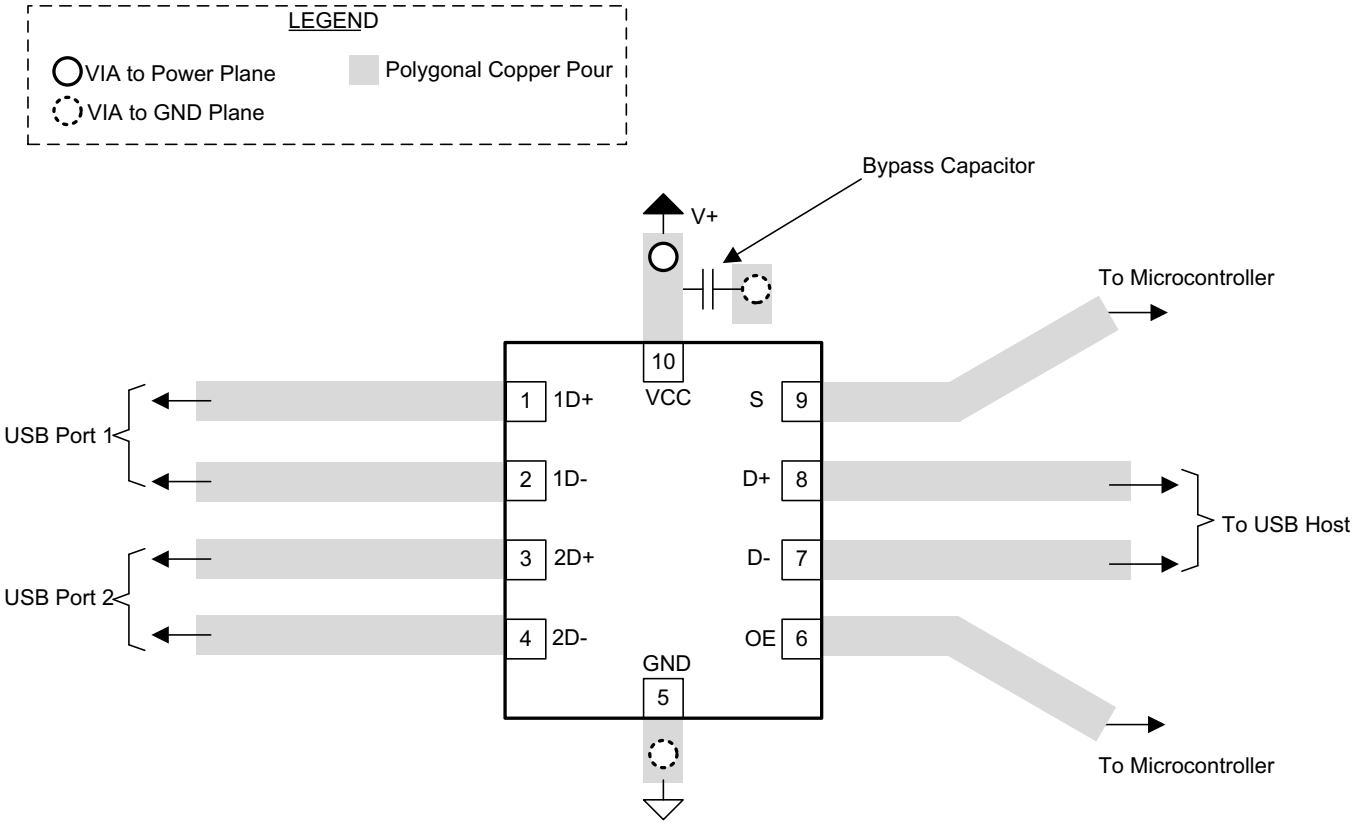


Figure 20. Package Layout Diagram

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12 器件和文档支持

12.1 文档支持

12.1.1 相关文档

请参阅如下相关文档：

- *《高速布局指南》*，SCAA082
- *《USB 2.0 电路板设计和布局指南》*，SPRAAR7

12.2 接收文档更新通知

要接收文档更新通知，请导航至 TI.com.cn 上的器件产品文件夹。单击右上角的*通知我*进行注册，即可每周接收产品信息更改摘要。有关更改的详细信息，请查看任何已修订文档中包含的修订历史记录。

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12.5 静电放电警告



这些装置包含有限的内置 ESD 保护。 存储或装卸时，应将导线一起截短或将装置放置于导电泡棉中，以防止 MOS 门极遭受静电损伤。

12.6 术语表

SLYZ022 — *TI 术语表*。

这份术语表列出并解释术语、缩写和定义。

13 机械、封装和可订购信息

以下页面包含机械、封装和可订购信息。这些信息是指定器件的最新可用数据。数据如有变更，恕不另行通知，且不会对此文档进行修订。如需获取此数据表的浏览器版本，请查阅左侧的导航栏。

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PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan (2)	Lead finish/ Ball material (6)	MSL Peak Temp (3)	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
SN080104RSER	ACTIVE	UQFN	RSE	10	3000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	(L57, L5O, L5R, L5V)	Samples
TS3USB221DRCR	ACTIVE	VSON	DRC	10	3000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	ZWG	Samples
TS3USB221DRCRG4	ACTIVE	VSON	DRC	10	3000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	ZWG	Samples
TS3USB221RSER	ACTIVE	UQFN	RSE	10	3000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	(L57, L5O, L5R, L5V)	Samples
TS3USB221RSERG4	ACTIVE	UQFN	RSE	10	3000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	(L57, L5O, L5R, L5V)	Samples

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:
ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.
LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.
NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.
PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.
OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) **RoHS:** TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. TI may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".
RoHS Exempt: TI defines "RoHS Exempt" to mean products that contain lead but are compliant with EU RoHS pursuant to a specific EU RoHS exemption.
Green: TI defines "Green" to mean the content of Chlorine (Cl) and Bromine (Br) based flame retardants meet JS709B low halogen requirements of <=1000ppm threshold. Antimony trioxide based flame retardants must also meet the <=1000ppm threshold requirement.

(3) MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

(4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.

(5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.

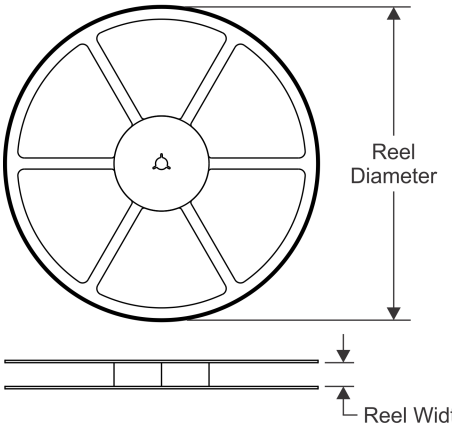
(6) Lead finish/Ball material - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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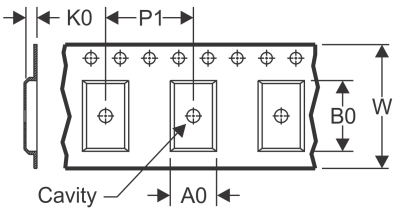
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TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION

REEL DIMENSIONS

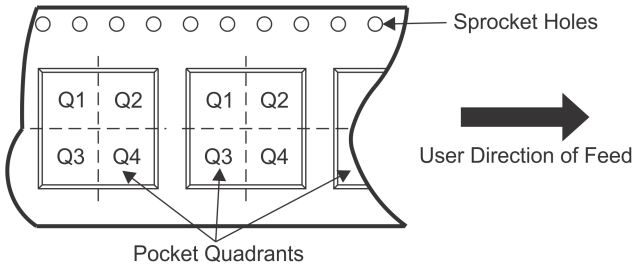


TAPE DIMENSIONS



A0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
B0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

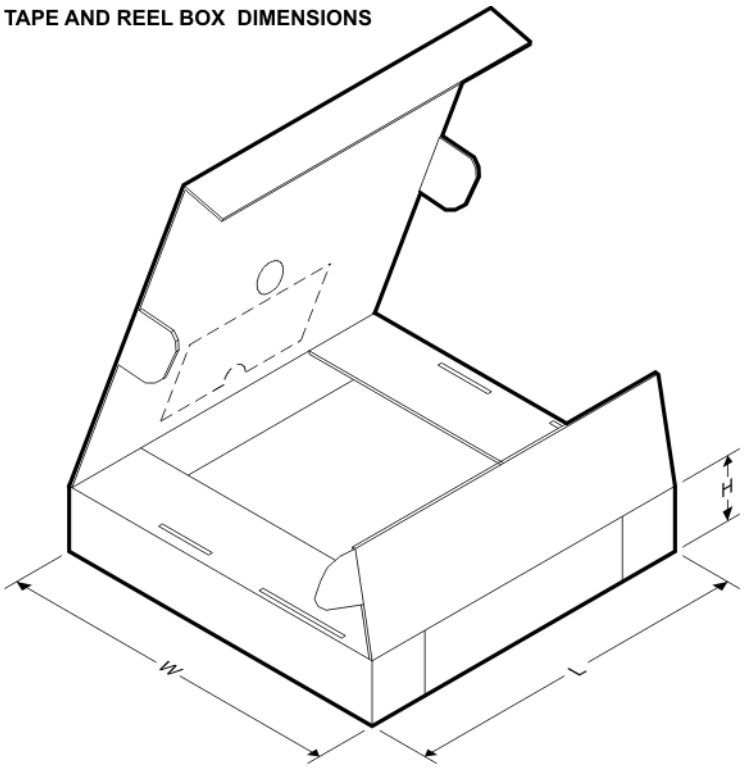
QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
TS3USB221DRCR	VSON	DRC	10	3000	330.0	12.4	3.3	3.3	1.1	8.0	12.0	Q2
TS3USB221RSER	UQFN	RSE	10	3000	180.0	9.5	1.7	2.2	0.75	4.0	8.0	Q1

TAPE AND REEL BOX DIMENSIONS



*All dimensions are nominal

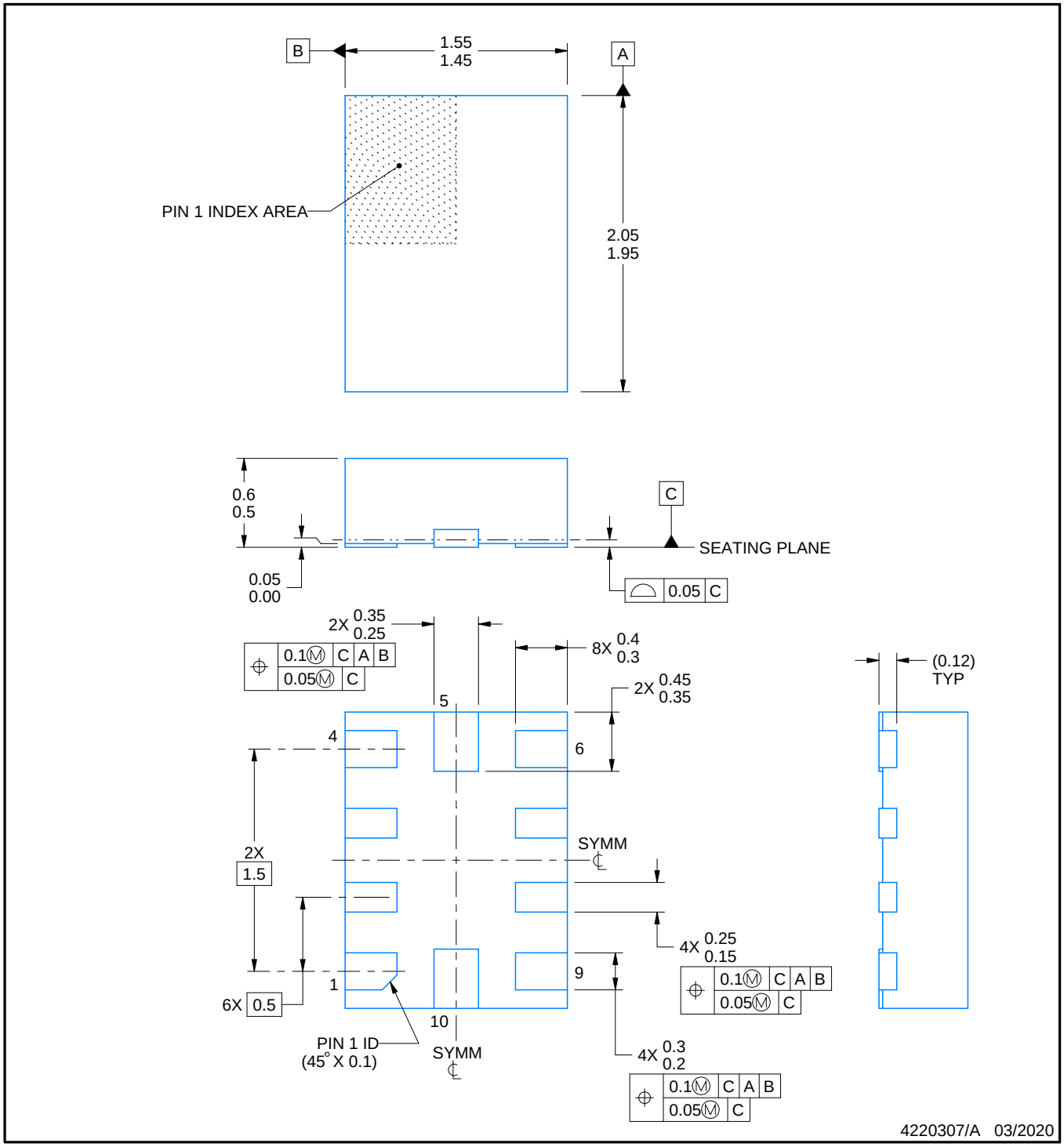
Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
TS3USB221DRCR	VSON	DRC	10	3000	853.0	449.0	35.0
TS3USB221RSER	UQFN	RSE	10	3000	189.0	185.0	36.0

RSE0010A

PACKAGE OUTLINE

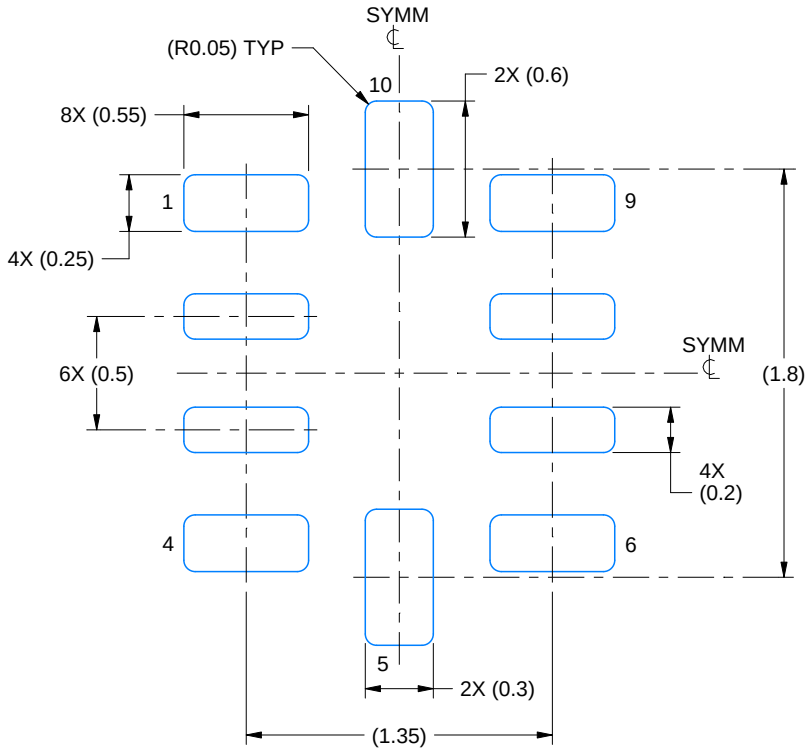
UQFN - 0.6 mm max height

PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK - NO LEAD

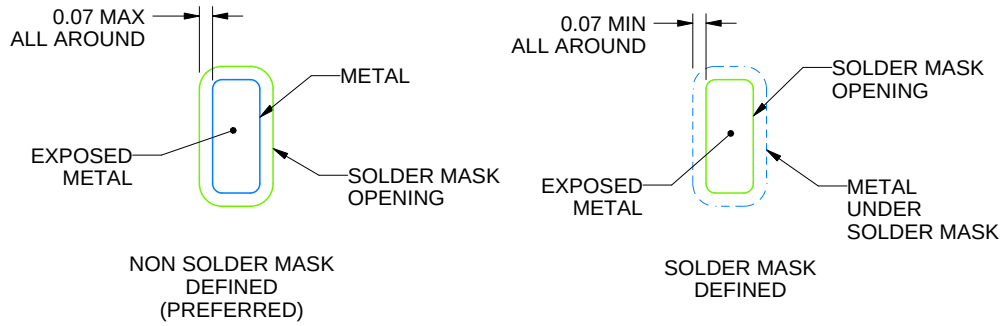


NOTES:

1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.



LAND PATTERN EXAMPLE
EXPOSED METAL SHOWN
SCALE:30X

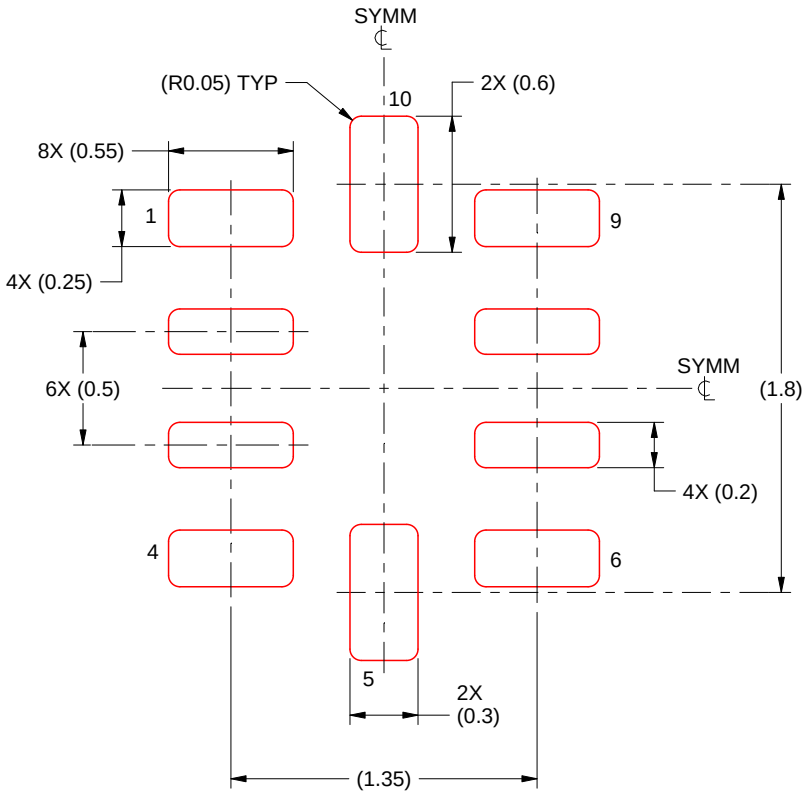


SOLDER MASK DETAILS
NOT TO SCALE

4220307/A 03/2020

NOTES: (continued)

3. For more information, see Texas Instruments literature number SLUA271 (www.ti.com/lit/slua271).



SOLDER PASTE EXAMPLE
BASED ON 0.1 mm THICKNESS
SCALE: 30X

4220307/A 03/2020

NOTES: (continued)

5. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.

GENERIC PACKAGE VIEW

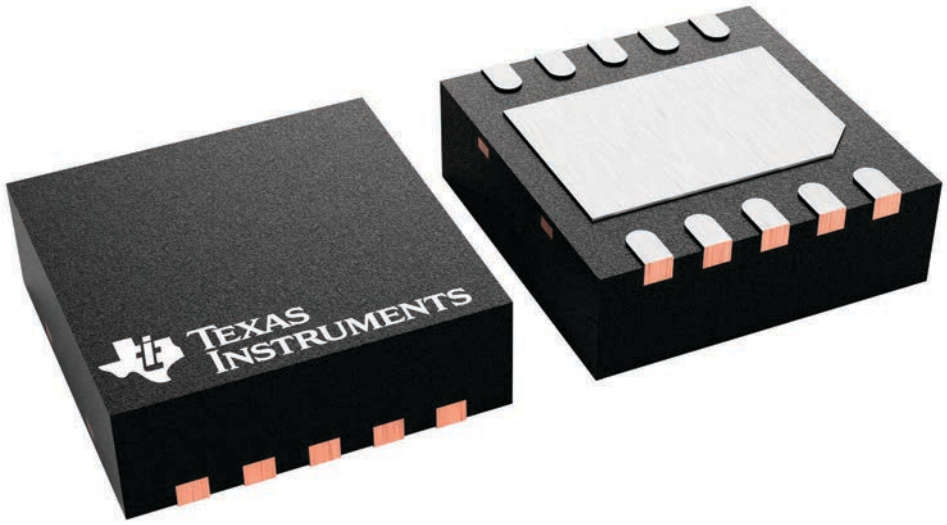
DRC 10

VSON - 1 mm max height

3 x 3, 0.5 mm pitch

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE - NO LEAD

This image is a representation of the package family, actual package may vary.
Refer to the product data sheet for package details.



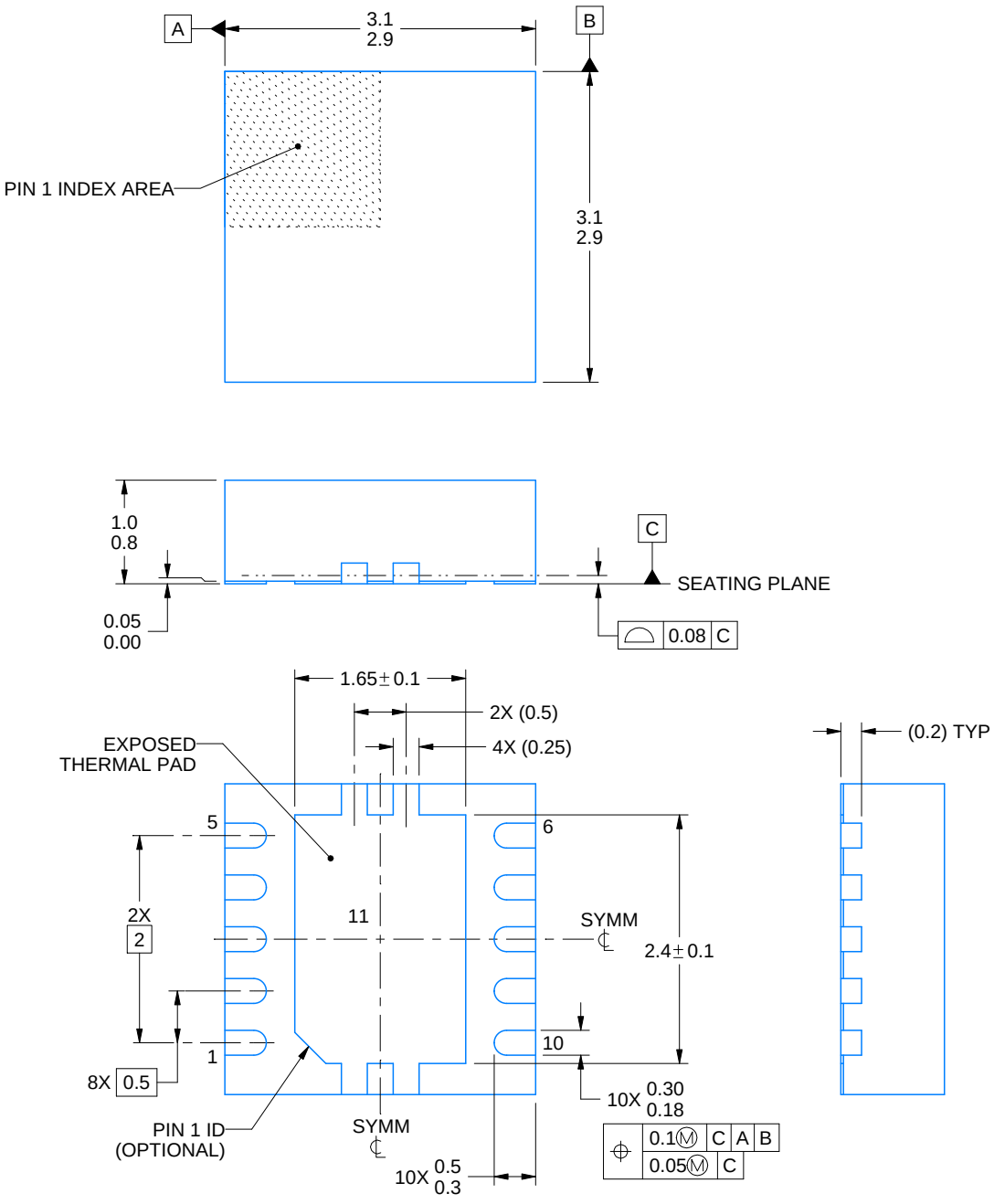
4226193/A

DRC0010J

PACKAGE OUTLINE

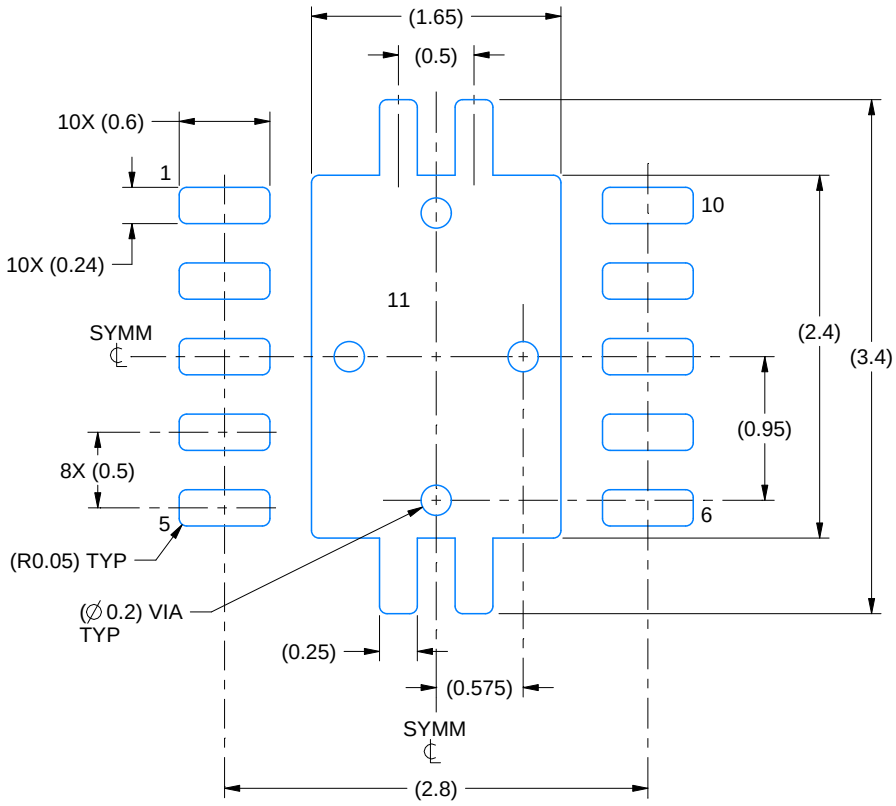
VSON - 1 mm max height

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE - NO LEAD

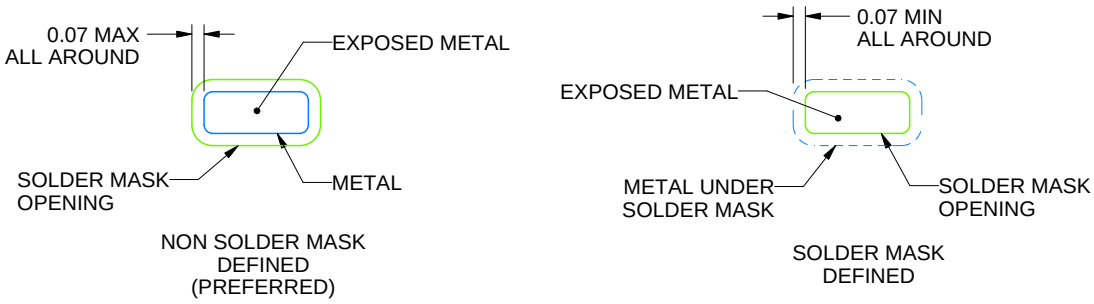


NOTES:

1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
3. The package thermal pad must be soldered to the printed circuit board for optimal thermal and mechanical performance.



LAND PATTERN EXAMPLE
EXPOSED METAL SHOWN
SCALE:20X



SOLDER MASK DETAILS

4218878/B 07/2018

NOTES: (continued)

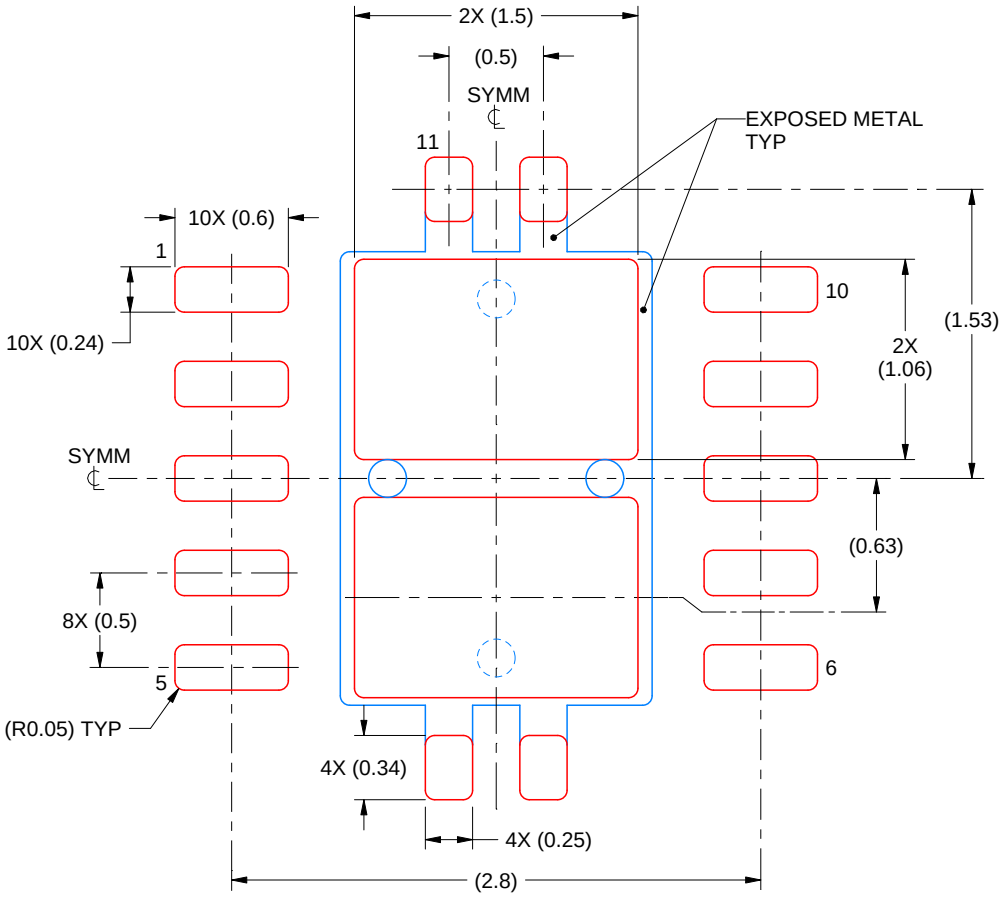
4. This package is designed to be soldered to a thermal pad on the board. For more information, see Texas Instruments literature number SLUA271 (www.ti.com/lit/slua271).
5. Vias are optional depending on application, refer to device data sheet. If any vias are implemented, refer to their locations shown on this view. It is recommended that vias under paste be filled, plugged or tented.

EXAMPLE STENCIL DESIGN

DRC0010J

VSON - 1 mm max height

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE - NO LEAD



SOLDER PASTE EXAMPLE
BASED ON 0.125 mm THICK STENCIL

EXPOSED PAD 11:
80% PRINTED SOLDER COVERAGE BY AREA
SCALE:25X

4218878/B 07/2018

NOTES: (continued)

6. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.

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